



**HON. JOHN C. LAY**  
Our Member of The  
Legislature.

Mr. Lay has been a very busy man since he went to Frankfort. He has offered several bills, and some amendments that have gone through the House; here are a few of them:—

1—He offered an amendment making it compulsory to send children to school, until they reach the age of 16 years, which was adopted and became a law.

2—He has introduced a bill to repeal the "DOG TAX," giving back to "Old Tige" his freedom.

3—A bill requiring the wife to join in the signing of a note or bond, as in real estate transactions.

4—A bill to require the Clerks of the County Courts to destroy stub books of Elections after the lapse of 2 years.

5—Bill to regulate the fitting and selling of glasses.

6—To change the time of holding Circuit Courts in the 34th Judicial District.

7—Is preparing a Good Road Bill which he will introduce in a few days. Good roads sounds better to us than any other thing mentioned.

8—He also will introduce a bill to repeal the hunting license.

There are several days yet of this term of the Legislature, and many things may happen yet before they take a notion to quit and go home.

## THE DEVIL IS NOT YET CHAINED DOWN

Last Friday, on Brush Creek, at or near Warren, Jim Watson, colored, shot and instantly killed Will Gilbreth; we have not as yet learned the particulars of the killing, but we have it that it was only a drunken row.

Well the law-makers at Frankfort last week just about fixed the whiskey trade and traffic in Kentucky, and we hope that the citizens and voters will get busy, and help to stamp it out, if we had no whiskey or other intoxicants in this country, we would have no murders for 98% of the trouble that we have this cursed stuff is the cause of it.

Why don't some one holler good times, ain't we having them under the present administration?

The fellows who brought the Impenetrable Proceedings against Judge Sampson, feel now that they have turned something loose, and that they cannot make even a Democrat believe that Judge Sampson has done any wrong. No, that committee was composed of Democrats, but they were built just right, they were well balanced, and were men of brains, nerve, and good common sense, and they could see through the whole thing in a jiffy. What are they going to try next on the Judge?

Those who bring sunshine into the lives of others cannot keep it from themselves.

## GRAND CHAPTER ROYAL ARCH MASONS CONVENE

First Event of the Kind Here in Over Half Century

### DEGREE IS CONFERRED

High Officials of Order From All Over the State Attend

For the first time in its history since its removal to Louisville over half a century ago, the Grand Chapter, Royal Arch Masons of Kentucky convened in Lexington Thursday night.

The Royal Arch degree was conferred in full form, in the ballroom of the Phoenix Hotel, tendered the Grand Chapter through the courtesy of Past Grand High Priest, John G. Cramer, secretary of the Commercial Club and the hotel company.

A number of prominent visitors from various Kentucky chapters were present to profit by the instructive presentation of the twentieth degree of Masonry by the grand officers.

The Grand Chapter was received with the usual Masonic honors by High Priest J. J. Roswell, of the local chapter, which this year celebrates its hundredth anniversary.

Past Grand High Priest G. Allison Holland made the presentation and after the initiatory ceremonies short addresses were made by several speakers.

The Grand Chapter Officers who were present were:

#### Officers Present

William C. Black, Grand High Priest, Barbourville.  
William Rodes Shackelford, D. H. P., Richmond.  
John W. Jnett, G. King, Eminence.  
J. A. Hodges, Assistant Grand Secretary, Louisville.  
John C. McKee, G. Chaplain, London.  
Isaac T. Woodson, G. C. H., Louisville.  
Samuel K. Veach, G. R. A. C., Carlisle.

C. G. Moreland, S. M. Third V., Marion.  
James W. Turner, S. M. Second V., Paintsville.

Thomas D. Tinsley, G. M. First V., Barbourville.

Among other visitors were:  
Herbert C. Cralle, King Solomon, 5, Louisville.

M. H. H. Davis, No. 15, Paris.  
Charles W. Fithian, No. 15, Paris.  
James A. Hodges, King Solomon, No. 5, Louisville.  
James B. Hubbard, King Solomon, No. 5, Louisville.

J. C. McKee, London, No. 103.  
W. H. McDonald, Barbourville.  
C. A. McMillan, Paris, No. 15.  
Robert W. Cole, Barbourville.  
Geo. W. Krauth, Eminence, 121.  
Henry Pirtle, King Solomon, No. 5, Louisville.

Hanson Peterson, P. H. P., Cynthia, No. 17.

M. O. Rigley, Lancaster, No. 36.  
J. P. Randall, Eminence, No. 121.  
W. G. Terrell, Lyon, No. 61.  
W. H. Green, Barbourville, No. 137.  
John P. Sellert, Frankfort, No. 3.  
J. W. Sweeney, H. P., Lancaster, No. 36.

P. L. Pilling, Etowa, No. 182, Tennessee.—Lexington Leader.

#### Ladies Aid M. E. Church

The Ladies Aid Society, of the First M. E. Church, will entertain on the 17th of March 1914. The place will be announced later.

Go to Church Sunday.

## ROYAL ARCH MASON DEGREE TEAM BANQUETED

Grand High Priest, W. C. Black, Complimented

As was predicted the Degree Team of the Royal Arch Masons returned Friday evening and report that they had the greatest time in the world well, it was a big time, at Frankfort they were treated to a banquet in the Capital Hotel, the decorations being red, carrying out the color scheme they were served with seven courses, and after the banquet the 6th and 7th degrees were conferred, after which there were speeches by several among whom were Hon. Geo. A. Lewis, Commissioner of Public Printing, who paid a high tribute to our Grand High Priest, W. C. Black, saying, among other things, that Companion Black was the best Grand High Priest the State ever had, and that he, when High Priest himself, started this worthy Companion through the Chairs, and that that was one of his, Lewis', greatest acts. Among other things Mr. Lewis referred to W. H. McDonald, who was present, as follows: "I say that Masonry accomplishes many things, when Companion McDonald was here in the Taylor-Gobel trouble, a Lieutenant, at the Capital, Capt. 'Alboun, now of Washington, D. C., was commanding a company at the Court-house, and right here in this room and at that alter the two combatants were caused to clasp the hands of friendship and brotherly love and from that time until they were discharged and sent home these two men were the best of friends."

Each of the team did his work and did it well, and all who witnessed it were well pleased. At Lexington the Grand Officers of the State put on the work in the Phoenix Hotel Auditorium, there was a large crowd in attendance and the work was put on in the 7th degree, with the Grand Officers filling their stations, except Robert W. Cole filled the Station of Grand Captain of the Host, and W. H. McDonald filled the Station of Herald.

We point with pride to Dr. W. C. Black as the greatest Grand High Priest the state has ever had; he is doing more for the order than any other man who has filled that position for these 99 years of Capital Masonry in Kentucky; he will go to many more cities and towns yet before his time expires, and put on the degrees, and deliver addresses, and boost the work.

## Eulogy On The Dog.

This eulogy on the dog which has made its author famous, was delivered by the late Senator George G. Vest in the course of a trial of a man who had wantonly shot a dog belonging to a neighbor. Senator Vest represented the plaintiff who demanded \$200 damages. When Vest had finished speaking, the jury, after two minutes deliberation awarded his client, the plaintiff, \$500 damage.

"Gentlemen of the jury, the best friend a man has in this world may turn against him and become his enemy. His son or daughter that he has reared with loving care may prove ungrateful. Those who are nearest and dearest to us, those whom we trust with our happiness and our good name, may become traitors to their faith. The money that a man has, he may lose. It flies away from him perhaps when he needs it most. A man's reputation may be sacrificed in a moment of ill-considered action. The people who are prone to fall on their knees to do us honor when success is with us, may be the first to throw the stone of malice when failure settles its cloud upon our heads. The one absolutely unselfish friend that man can have in this selfish world, the one that never deserts him, the one that never proves ungrateful or treacherous, is his dog. Gentlemen of the jury, a man's dog stands by him in prosperity and poverty, in health and in sickness. He will sleep on the cold ground where the wintry winds blow and the snow drives fiercely, if only he may be near his master's side. He will kiss the hand that has no food to offer, he will lick the wounds and sores that come in encounter with the roughness of the world. He guards the sleep of his pauper master as if he were a prince, when other friends desert, he remains, when riches take wings and reputation fall to pieces, he is as constant in his love as the sun in its journey through the heavens, if fortune drives the master forth an outcast, in the world, friendless and hopeless, the faithful dog asks no higher privilege than that of accompanying him to guard against danger, to fight against his enemies and when the last scene of all comes and death takes the master in its embrace, and his body is laid away in the cold ground, no matter if all other friends pursue their way, there by the graveside will the noble dog be found, his head between his paws, his eyes sad but open in alert watchfulness, faithful and true even to death."

## Ladies Aid Christian Church

The Ladies Aid Society, of the Christian Church, will give their annual "Washington Tea" on Saturday evening, February 21st 1914, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Robison, corner of High and College Streets. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

Kindness is a language that the deaf can hear and the dumb can understand.

# WE GROW

There were deposited in the FIRST NATIONAL BANK of Barbourville in the year of 1913,

**\$,654,895.06**

This is about \$200,000.00 more than the deposits for the year of 1912.

# WE GROW

Because our bank is absolutely safe. We give helpful assistance to our customers, kind and courteous treatment to all. Open an account with us.

**The First National Bank**  
Barbourville, - Kentucky.

## NEW Groceries and Hardware

### WE HAVE

Just Opened up a Complete Line of BRIGHT, NEW GROCERIES and HARDWARE

And we ask you to call and get our reasonable Price Quotations, and give us a liberal share of your patronage. Prompt attention given all orders and Quick Delivery.

**BIG STORE** On Cor. of River St. & Public Square.

When you want any Nice Staple or Fancy Groceries, or Hardware, Queensware, of any kind, call 'phone No. 8. and we will do the rest. We have a regular delivery system.

Yours very truly,

**Detherage Hardware & Grocery Co.**

Old L. C. Miller Stand, Barbourville, Ky

## PRIMARY AND MUSIC DEPARTMENTS BAPTIST INSTITUTE ENTERTAIN

The Primary Department, assisted by the Department of Music, of the Barbourville Baptist Institute, will give an entertainment in the chapel of their school on Monday evening, February 23rd 1914, at 7:30 o'clock.

A Genuine treat is in store for all those who attend, and it is hoped that the entertainment will be liberally patronized as the children have worked untiringly in the preparation of the program, and deserve credit for their efforts to make this the best entertainment ever given by the students of these departments.

The price of admission will be ten cents to all, and the receipts will be applied in payment of the new piano. Come out and enjoy it.

CRIMINAL Lawyer Edwards says a rich defendant usually prefers paying a fine to taking his chances with a jury. What an odd idea, in view of the regularity with which the rich defendant is acquitted.

## ANOTHER RUMPUS RAISED

Last Saturday evening about 5 o'clock an excitement was had on the Public Square, when Will King, son of John King, and Dr. A. L. Parker had some kind of misunderstanding, and words waxed warm, and finally the men came to blows, Dr. Parker was knocked down and five shots were fired at Mr. King, one ball taking effect in the left shoulder, it is a painful wound though not thought by physicians to be dangerous. He was shot with a colts automatic No. 25, copper jacket ball, the ball was located, by the use of the X-Ray, in the shoulder, but has not been removed.

## SHOT IN THE MOUTH

Last Thursday night Ed Tye, of Color, went to his home at aunt Rose Tye's, his grandmother, and just as he was entering the door Will Jones, also colored, who was drunk fired at him with a pistol the shot taking effect in the mouth, inflicting a painful though not fatal wound.



## SENATOR IN DENIAL

GORE TESTIFIES THAT WOMAN'S CHARGE IS PLOT TO DESTROY HIM.

### TELLS OF MEETING IN HOTEL

Oklahoma Lawmaker Declares Mrs. Minnie E. Bond's \$50,000 Damage Suit Is Frame-Up on Part of Several Disappointed Office-seekers.

Oklahoma City, Okla., Feb. 18.—Thomas P. Gore, United States senator from Oklahoma, said on Monday that political opposition was responsible for the damage suit for \$50,000 filed against him by Mrs. Minnie E. Bond, who alleges that Senator Gore attacked her in a hotel at Washington.

Senator Gore took the witness stand in his own behalf. He denied making an attack on Mrs. Bond and said he believed the charge to have been made to injure him in his campaign for renomination as the Democratic candidate for the senate.

Senator Gore was asked about his acquaintance with Mrs. Bond, the plaintiff, and replied that he remembered meeting her at a reception here, and that her husband's candidacy for internal revenue collector was mentioned at the time. He said he had not given her any encouragement about her husband's candidacy.

Regarding the alleged assault in Washington, the senator, in reply to questions, told of meeting Mrs. Bond at her hotel after she had telephoned him making the appointment. He never knew that James R. Jacobs, T. E. Robertson and others were at the hotel at the time.

"I had never been in there before," he said; "and when I reached the door Mrs. Bond approached me in the lobby. I supposed we were to go to the hotel parlor, but she took me to another room."

"Where did you sit?" Senator Gore was asked.

"I sat in a rocking chair," replied he. "We talked about the appointment of her husband. I told her again there was no chance for him. She seemed to feel that he had lost."

"I arose, remarking that I must go, and Mrs. Bond took hold of my hands. She was remarking that I was going to have a hard race. At that moment the telephone bell rang and she answered it. Then she came back and sat on the bed."

"We talked only a few minutes. I arose and she took hold of my hand, then fell on the bed. I asked: 'What does this mean?' Just then Robertson came into the room and told her to stop that squalling."

"Did you at any time touch Mrs. Bond?" he was asked.

"I did not," the senator replied. Continuing his testimony, Senator Gore said he told Robertson he wanted to see Mrs. Bond again.

"I asked her if she had anything to say about the incident. 'I want to know what this means,' I said. 'She replied she didn't want her husband to know about it. Robertson also said he had nothing to say about it.'"

The senator said he saw Dr. J. H. Earp of Oklahoma City the next day and discussed the incident.

"I told him," he said, "that if anyone said I did anything improper it was an infamous lie."

Senator Gore denied that he told Earp to try to get Mrs. Bond out of the city.

### 405 ARE PERILED ON SHIP

Liner Roma Ashore Off No Man's Land—Wireless Message Says Boat Is Helpless.

New York, Feb. 18.—The agents of the Fabre line confirmed the news that their liner Roma is ashore off No Man's Land, south of Martha's Vineyard. Wireless advice received by the agents on Monday said the Roma was resting easily. There are 405 passengers aboard. The ship is bound for New York from Mediterranean ports.

Newport, R. I., Feb. 18.—The radio station here picked up an "S. O. S." call from the Fabre liner Roma Sunday saying that she was ashore on the south side of No Man's Land. The wireless message from the Roma says:

"Send powerful towboat and well provided with towing materials. Impossible for us to get off with our own means."

Brest, France, Feb. 18.—Practically no word has been received of the French liner steamer Niagara, which, bound from Havre for New York with 147 passengers aboard, was forced to turn back because of broken propellers, and is returning to a French port.

The Niagara was reported in distress on Sunday about 135 miles off Ushat. The steamer Bordeaux had gone to its assistance.

Yeggen Make Big Haul. Milledgeville, Ga., Feb. 18.—Yeggen blew the safe in the office of C. H. Bonner here. Bonner refuses to state the amount missing, but it is stated on good authority the loss is \$25,000, and may be \$50,000.

Tom Sharkey Goes to Jail. New York, Feb. 18.—Tom Sharkey, once famous as a heavyweight pugilist, was sentenced to 30 days in jail and fined \$500 for maintaining a disreputable resort. The manager received the same sentence.

## MEXICAN FEDERALS WHO WERE DYNAMITED



These federal troops, photographed as they were about to leave Mexico City for the south, were dynamited later by the rebels, 40 of them perishing and many being wounded.

### WILL ASK VOTE MAY 2

WOMEN OF AMERICA TO HOLD MASS MEETINGS.

In Every City and Hamlet Appeal Will Be Made to Washington.

Chicago, Feb. 16.—On May 2, it is planned, women in every hamlet, town and city in the United States will be assembled in mass meeting to ask congress to pass a federal suffrage amendment.

Announcement of this plan of the National American Woman's Suffrage association for the celebration of a national suffrage day was made by Mrs. Medill McCormick, chairman of the national congressional committee.

Mrs. McCormick also declared that differences between the National association and the Congressional union would be overlooked during the celebration and both would work together to further the common end.

Washington, Feb. 16.—Friday was filled with victories for the Congressional Union for Woman Suffrage. The members obtained the promise of a hearing on the national amendment enfranchising women from Representative Clayton, chairman of the judiciary committee, and they got permission to use the steps of the capitol for the demonstration in May. The members who went to New York to meet the national board brought back a promise of co-operation from that body and also annexed Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont as a member of the executive committee of the union. After about three weeks of deliberation, following the filing of a request by the union, Chairman Clayton informed the suffragists that they might be heard by the judiciary committee on Tuesday, March 3, at 10 a. m. The hearing will be on Representative Mondell's bill enfranchising women, which was introduced on the first day of congress last April. The Congressional union will bring here the leading suffrage orators from all parts of the country.

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### FOUR MINE GUARDS GUILTY

Officers Convicted of Slaying Two Michigan Copper Strikers in Second Degree.

Hancock, Mich., Feb. 17.—The jury in the case of John Groff, James Cooper and Arthur Davis, Waddell-Mahon detectives, and Deputies James and Polkinghorne, charged with murder in the second degree in connection with the copper strike shooting, returned a verdict of manslaughter on Sunday against all the defendants except James, who was declared not guilty by order of Judge Flannigan. Clemency was urged by the jury in the case of Polkinghorne. The five were charged with killing two strikers on August 14. Thomas Raleigh of New York, a sixth defendant, jumped \$10,000 bail and escaped.

Dr. Anna H. Shaw Is Hurt.

New York, Feb. 17.—Dr. Anna Howard Shaw, president of the American Woman's Suffrage association, was badly hurt by slipping from the step of a Lehigh Valley Pullman car and falling on the floor of the Jersey Central railroad station in Jersey City.

Doctor Shaw suffered a compound fracture of the right leg below the knee. She is now at the Hotel McAlpin. With Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, Doctor Shaw had been making suffrage speeches upstate.

Sluggers Shoot Two Men.

Chicago, Feb. 17.—Hubin Favis, owner of the Cosmopolitan Chandler company, was shot and probably fatally wounded while protecting leaders Breverman, one of his employees, from three men who attacked the latter.

Boats Held In Ice Two Days.

Chicago, Feb. 17.—Forty-eight hours' imprisonment in the ice ended for the passengers and crew of the steamers Kansas and Arizona. They reached port after one of the hardest struggles ever experienced by the ships.

### OFFICIAL KILLS SELF

NEW YORK STATE OFFICIAL, SUBPOENAED IN GRAFT CASE, ENDS LIFE.

### COMMITTS ACT AFTER CHURCH

Accounts Under Investigation, But Nothing Wrong Found, Though He Borrowed From Banks—District Attorney Whitman Is Mystified.

Buffalo, N. Y., Feb. 17.—John J. Kennedy committed suicide in the Markham hotel here on Sunday by cutting his throat with a razor. His body was found by his son, who a few hours before had accompanied his father and mother to the Chapel of the Blessed Sacrament to attend morning services.

There was no note found, nor was there anything known that would explain why he should have decided to end his life. Kennedy was to have testified on Monday in the graft case in New York that is being conducted by District Attorney Whitman. A subpoena was served upon him Saturday. A copy of the subpoena and a sleeping car reservation on the night train to New York were found in his pocket. He had previously refused to waive immunity and testify when asked to do so by Mr. Whitman. According to a report here, Mr. Whitman is in possession of Mr. Kennedy's bank accounts, showing that the state treasurer had borrowed money from several banks that were depositories of state funds.

New York, Feb. 17.—District Attorney Whitman is unable to account for the suicide of State Treasurer Kennedy because of any evidence that he has against him. It is true that Kennedy has borrowed money from several banks, in one at least of which state funds had been deposited, but this would hardly seem to be sufficient motive for suicide.

### SENATOR BACON IS DEAD

Statesman From Georgia Succumbs to Heart Trouble—President Mourns His Death.

Washington, Feb. 17.—Augustus Octavius Bacon, United States senator from Georgia for nearly 19 years and chairman of the foreign relations committee since the ascendancy of the Democratic party, died in a hospital here on Saturday after an illness of ten days. He was the first United States senator elected by direct vote of the people under the seventeenth constitutional amendment. The immediate cause of death was diagnosed as a blood clot in the heart.

Mr. Bacon's death was a shock to his colleagues. A public funeral was held in the senate chamber on Tuesday afternoon, and was attended by the senate and house of representatives, justices of the Supreme court, members of the diplomatic corps, the admiral of the navy and chief of staff of the army.

In the death of Senator Bacon President Wilson loses one of his chief advisers on foreign affairs. Mr. Wilson, on learning the news, said:

"My association with Mr. Bacon has been of the most cordial and, to me, helpful sort. I particularly profited by his experience in foreign affairs."

Minneapolis Factory Foreman Shot.

Minneapolis, Minn., Feb. 17.—Joseph Bayler, foreman of a factory at which a strike had been in progress for several days, was shot and possibly fatally injured by an unidentified assailant as he was about to board a street car.

Arrested as Museum Frauds.

St. Louis, Feb. 17.—Dr. David Davidson and Dr. Charles Adams, who have been conducting a museum of anatomy, were arrested on federal warrants. They were charged with devising a scheme to defraud patients.

### BRITISH LAND MARINES

TROOPS ORDERED TO GUARD LEGATION AT MEXICO CITY.

Arms and Ammunition Are for Defense in Case of Uprising—Prepare for Capital Riots.

Vera Cruz, Feb. 16.—British marines were landed here on Friday with two machine guns and ammunition following orders received from the British foreign office. The purpose of the landing is said to be for the protection of the British legation headquarters.

The bluejackets landed from the British flagship Suffolk late at night and placed the guns on a car on the Mexican railway, consigned to the British legation in Mexico City. With the guns was sent a great quantity of ammunition. It is assumed here that the guns and ammunition are intended for the defense of the British legation in case of an uprising in the federal capital.

Mexico City, Feb. 16.—Reports were circulated in banking circles here on Friday that leading Japanese financial institutions will lend the Mexican government \$75,000,000. It is said that arrangements for the loan were made during the recent visit of Francisco de la Barra to Tokio. The reports caused considerable excitement in view of the fact that the securing of such a vast sum would assure fluents of relief from financial difficulties for the present.

Vern Cruz, Mex., Feb. 16.—Gen. Joaquin Mans, commander of the Vera Cruz garrison, received orders from the war ministry in Mexico City on Friday to make every effort to arrest the person who tried to assassinate Lieut. Arthur B. Cook, flag lieutenant to Rear Admiral Mayo of the United States battleship Connecticut. The order was said to have come direct from President Huerta through the war office. As the result of the wounding of Lieutenant Cook, extra precautions were taken to protect the life of John Lind, special envoy of President Wilson in Mexico. The guard about the American consulate was doubled and Mr. Lind is accompanied by an escort of bluejackets whenever he ventures out. Lieutenant Cook, who is under care of the surgeon on board the Connecticut, is not badly hurt. The bullet passed through the fleshy part of the thigh.

Hay—No. 1 timothy \$18@18.50, standard timothy \$17@17.50, No. 2 timothy \$16@16.50, No. 3 timothy \$14, No. 1 clover mixed \$15, No. 2 clover mixed \$13, No. 1 clover \$14@14.50, No. 2 clover \$12@12.50.

Oats—No. 2 white 43@43½c, standard white 42½@43c, No. 3 white 41@42c, No. 4 white 39@40c, No. 2 mixed 41½c, No. 3 mixed 40½@41c, No. 4 mixed 39@40c.

Wheat—No. 2 red 94½@95½c, No. 3 red 94@94½c, No. 4 red 93@93½c. Poultry—Hens, 5 lbs and over 16½c; 3½ lbs and over, 16½c; young stags, 12c; roosters, 11c; springers, under 2½ lbs, 13c; spring ducks, 2½ lbs and over, 18c; spring ducks, 4 lbs and over, 16c; ducks, under 4 lbs, 15c; turkeys, toms, old, 21c; young turkeys, 9 lbs and over, 21c.

Eggs—Prime firsts, 25c, firsts 25c, ordinary firsts 24c, seconds 22c. Cattle—Shippers \$6.75@8.25, extra \$8.35; butcher steers, extra \$8@8.25, good to choice \$7@7.90, common to fair \$6.75@6.90, common to fair \$5.50@6.85; cows, extra \$6.60@6.75; good to choice \$6@6.50, common to fair \$5.50@5.85, canners \$3.25@4.50.

Bulls—Hogana \$6.50@7.25, fat bulls \$7@7.75. Calves—Extra \$11.75, fair to good \$9.25@11.50, common and large \$6@11.

Hogs—Selected heavy \$8.95@9, good to choice packers and butchers \$8.95@9, mixed packers \$8.90@8.95, stags \$6.75, extra \$7.75, common to choice heavy fat sows \$6@8.50, extra \$8.60, light shippers \$8.25@9, pigs (110 lbs and less) \$6@8.

Sheep—Extra \$5.50, good to choice \$5@5.40, common to fair \$3@4.75. Lambs—Extra \$8.10, good to choice \$7.75@8.10, common to fair \$6@7.50, clipped lambs \$6.50@7.25.

EXPLORER'S BONES FOUND.

New York—Captain J. Campbell Besley, English traveler, and his three companions, who left here last July to explore the bendwaters of the Amazon, returned on the steamer Byron with the news that they had discovered, in the Peruvian jungle, bones that are supposed to be the remains of the Cromer and Soljan-O' Higgins expeditions. The Cromer expedition was headed by W. H. Cromer, a former West Point cadet, and William H. Page, a Chicago professor.

Joe Cannon Joins Y. M. C. A.

Saginaw Mich., Feb. 17.—Former Speaker Cannon enrolled as a member of the Saginaw Y. M. C. A., his membership being obtained by United States Representative Joseph W. Fordney of this city.

Bergeson First in Ski Meet.

Virginia, Minn., Feb. 17.—The national amateur ski tournament was run here, with Sigurd Bergeson of Virginia the winner, one-third of a point ahead of Hans Hansson, the Minneapolis skier.

## PROBERS CLASH

Ohio Congressman Wants Evidence Ruled Out—Howell Asserts Investigation Is Partisan.

Hancock, Mich.—Bitterness was injected into an argument between Chairman Taylor, of the congressional subcommittee investigating the copper miners' strike, and Congressman Switzer, of Ohio, a member, regarding the admission of certain testimony, the purpose of which was to show that the miners' constitutional rights had been violated.

Switzer argued that the testimony which was introduced by attorneys for the Western Federation of Miners was not pertinent and should be expunged from the records.

"As chairman of this committee, representing the Democratic majority in the house," Mr. Taylor said, "I will say that anything that goes into the record will go back to congress. We were sent here to investigate conditions with a view of providing remedial legislation, and if we cut out anything that might throw light on the situation we would be severely criticized."

"Do I understand you to say that this is a partisan committee and this is a partisan investigation?" Inquired Representative Howell, the other Republican member.

"No," the chairman replied, "but when a minority member tries to discredit the committee by saying that it is exceeding its proper limits it is time for the majority to take decisive action."

### EXPRESS AGENT SLUGGED.

Peoria, Ill.—An unidentified man entered the office of the Adams Express Co., at Farmington, Ill., near here, slugged the express agent, C. L. Brown, and escaped with a package of currency containing \$6,400 consigned to the National Bank of the Republic, at Chicago. Brown was alone in the office at the time. When the robber entered the express office he said that his name was Perkins, and that he was looking for a package. When told that there was no package for him he suddenly struck Brown over the head and beat him into unconsciousness. He is in a critical condition.

### STRIKING MINERS RETURN.

Coshocton, O.—One hundred striking miners returned to work for the Morgan Run Coal and Mining Co., following a partial adjustment of differences. Details of the compromise will be worked out this week. The miners refused to work when three union leaders were not given work when operations were resumed after one mine had been closed for a short time.

### MURDER SUSPECT DIES.

Paris.—Victor Pott, charged with the murder of his son, the noted vaudeville artist, Fragon, died in Fresnes prison.

### CINCINNATI MARKETS

Corn—New corn is quoted as follows: No. 2 white 70@71c, No. 3 white 68@69c, No. 4 white 65@67c, No. 2 yellow 66@67c, No. 3 yellow 63½@65c, No. 4 yellow 61¾@63c, No. 2 mixed 66@67c, No. 3 mixed 63½@64½c, No. 4 mixed 61¾@63c, mixed ear 64@66c, white ear 64@66c, yellow ear 65@66½c.

Hay—No. 1 timothy \$18@18.50, standard timothy \$17@17.50, No. 2 timothy \$16@16.50, No. 3 timothy \$14, No. 1 clover mixed \$15, No. 2 clover mixed \$13, No. 1 clover \$14@14.50, No. 2 clover \$12@12.50.

Oats—No. 2 white 43@43½c, standard white 42½@43c, No. 3 white 41@42c, No. 4 white 39@40c, No. 2 mixed 41½c, No. 3 mixed 40½@41c, No. 4 mixed 39@40c.

Wheat—No. 2 red 94½@95½c, No. 3 red 94@94½c, No. 4 red 93@93½c. Poultry—Hens, 5 lbs and over 16½c; 3½ lbs and over, 16½c; young stags, 12c; roosters, 11c; springers, under 2½ lbs, 13c; spring ducks, 2½ lbs and over, 18c; spring ducks, 4 lbs and over, 16c; ducks, under 4 lbs, 15c; turkeys, toms, old, 21c; young turkeys, 9 lbs and over, 21c.

Eggs—Prime firsts, 25c, firsts 25c, ordinary firsts 24c, seconds 22c. Cattle—Shippers \$6.75@8.25, extra \$8.35; butcher steers, extra \$8@8.25, good to choice \$7@7.90, common to fair \$6.75@6.90, common to fair \$5.50@6.85; cows, extra \$6.60@6.75; good to choice \$6@6.50, common to fair \$5.50@5.85, canners \$3.25@4.50.

Bulls—Hogana \$6.50@7.25, fat bulls \$7@7.75. Calves—Extra \$11.75, fair to good \$9.25@11.50, common and large \$6@11.

Hogs—Selected heavy \$8.95@9, good to choice packers and butchers \$8.95@9, mixed packers \$8.90@8.95, stags \$6.75, extra \$7.75, common to choice heavy fat sows \$6@8.50, extra \$8.60, light shippers \$8.25@9, pigs (110 lbs and less) \$6@8.

Sheep—Extra \$5.50, good to choice \$5@5.40, common to fair \$3@4.75. Lambs—Extra \$8.10, good to choice \$7.75@8.10, common to fair \$6@7.50, clipped lambs \$6.50@7.25.

### EXPLORER'S BONES FOUND.

New York—Captain J. Campbell Besley, English traveler, and his three companions, who left here last July to explore the bendwaters of the Amazon, returned on the steamer Byron with the news that they had discovered, in the Peruvian jungle, bones that are supposed to be the remains of the Cromer and Soljan-O' Higgins expeditions. The Cromer expedition was headed by W. H. Cromer, a former West Point cadet, and William H. Page, a Chicago professor.

### Uric Acid Is Slow Poison

Excess uric acid left in the blood by weak kidneys, causes more diseases than any other poison.

Among its effects are backache, headache, dizziness, irritability, nervousness, drowsiness, "blues," rheumatic attacks and urinary disorders. Later effects are dropsy, gravel or heart disease.

If you would avoid uric acid troubles, keep your kidneys healthy. To stimulate and strengthen weak kidneys, use Doan's Kidney Pills—the best recommended special kidney remedy.

### A Wisconsin Case

Mrs. Jane Smith, of Clay St., Menasha, Wis., says: "I could hardly get out of bed. My back ached, my body bloated, and my ankles were swollen. I lost 4 pounds in weight. Doctors didn't know what ailed me and couldn't help me. Finally, I got Doan's Kidney Pills, and they cured me. All the swellings disappeared. Doan's Kidney Pills saved my life."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box  
**DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS**  
FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

### PATENTS

It's all right to look ahead, but don't be too previous.

Putnam Fadeless Dye color more goods than others. Adv.

Over 800,000 women voted in Australia in 1913.

Don't buy water for bluing. Liquid blue is almost all water. Buy Red Cross Ball Blue, the blue that's all blue. Adv.

Bryn Mawr college has 40 girls in swimming class.

Constipation causes and seriously aggravates many diseases. It is thoroughly cured by Dr. Pierce's Peppermint. Tiny sugar-coated granules. Adv.

### Astrology.

Sonny—Pa, what is a comet?  
Father—A comet is an Atlanteanized star; that is, it consists mostly of gas.

Dean's Mentholated Cough Drops work wonders in overcoming serious coughs and throat irritations—6c at Druggists.

### Skeptic's Question.

Rev. C. H. Spurgeon, the eminent English divine, said that, as soon as a man loses his religion, he wants to know who Cain's wife was.—The Congregationalist.

### The Man Without Folly.

William Dean Howells, apropos of the tercentenary of the birth of La Rochefoucauld, quoted at a dinner in Boston some of the famous Frenchman's maxims.

"La Rochefoucauld," said Mr. Howells, "wasn't the sorrowful misanthrope some people think, but a gay and gallant figure. His character was best portrayed, indeed, by one of his best maxims:

"He who is without folly is not so wise as he thinks."

### Different Colors of Clouds.

In answer to a subscriber's question concerning the color of clouds, the Nature and Science department of St. Nicholas says:

"White clouds are those which are so thin that sunlight comes through them, or else they are in such a position that the side seen by the observer is lighted by the sunlight. Black clouds are those that are so thick, or dense, that little sunlight passes through them, and at the same time are not illuminated by sunlight on the side seen by the observer. It is these heavy, large clouds that are most likely to produce rain.—St. Nicholas.

### SCHOOL TEACHERS.

Also Have Things to Learn.

"For many years I had used coffee and refused to be convinced of its bad effect upon the human system," writes a veteran school teacher.

"Ten years ago I was chided to give up my much-loved work in the public schools after years of continuous labor. I had developed a well defined case of chronic coffee poisoning."

"The troubles were constipation, flutterings of the heart, a thumping in the top of my head, and various parts of my body, twitching of my limbs, shaking of my head and, at times after exertion, a general 'goue' feeling, with a toper's desire for very strong coffee. I was a nervous wreck for years."

"A short time ago friends came to visit us and they brought a package of Postum with them, and urged me to try it. I was prejudiced because some years back I had drunk a cup of weak, tasteless stuff called Postum which I did not like at all."

"This time, however, my friends made the Postum according to directions on the package, and it won me. Soon I found myself improving in a most decided fashion."

"The odor of boiling coffee no longer tempts me. I am so greatly benefited by Postum that if I continue to improve as I am now, I'll begin to think I have found the Fountain of Perpetual Youth. This is no fancy letter but stubborn facts which I am glad to make known."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Write for a copy of "The Road to Wellville."

Postum now comes in two forms: Regular Postum—must be well boiled.

Instant Postum—is a soluble powder. A teaspoonful dissolves quickly in a cup of hot water and, with cream and sugar, makes a delicious beverage instantly. Grocers sell both kinds. "There's a Reason" for Postum.



## FELLOW-SERVANT LAW IS ERASED

BILL ELIMINATING LIABILITY  
STATUTE IS HALF THROUGH  
LEGISLATURE.

### ADVOCATED BY UNION LABOR

Federal Investigation Asked of Charge  
That Five Companies Have Formed  
Conspiracy To Control Fire Risk  
Business in Kentucky—Other In-  
surance Legislation Before Assem-  
bly.

(By Ernest W. Helm.)

Frankfort, Ky.—The fellow-servant rule will be abolished in this state if the senate passes the bill adopted by the house. This bill has been earnestly advocated by the labor unions. The measure passed two to one. It has been the rule of courts in Kentucky since the institution of damage suits that where an employee of a corporation or an individual is injured or killed through the negligence of another employee of the same corporation or individual working in the same capacity or grade of work to hold that the corporation or individual is not liable for damages. This is the law erased by the bill now half passed.

### Insurance Conspiracy Charged.

Asserting that five insurance companies have formed conspiracies and combinations to control the fire insurance business in Kentucky, Representative J. C. Duffy offered a joint resolution, calling upon the National Congress to instruct the Federal Department of Justice to institute proceedings under the Sherman antitrust law against the insurance companies doing business in this state.

### Cary Measure Passed.

The house passed the Cary bill, which prohibits the insurance companies, not incorporated in Kentucky, but licensed to do business in the state, from insuring any risk except through legally licensed agents, and making it unlawful for any person or company to insure in such a company without retaining four per cent of the premium and paying it into the state treasury. Consideration of the bill to empower graded school trustees to levy a school tax not to exceed 50 cents on the \$100 was deferred two weeks, on account of the illness of its author, A. J. Oliver.

The bill to increase the tax on rectified liquors was reported unfavorable. Measures recommended by the committees included the measure providing for the licensing of public accountants.

### Repeal of Sentence Law.

A bill to repeal the indeterminate sentence law, to provide for paroles by the prison commission with the approval of the governor, and to give judges authority to fix the punishment after jury have found the accused guilty is before committees. Gov. McCreary in a statement said he is in favor of the repeal of the present law. He said: "I regret very much that a majority of the judges of the court of appeals believed it their duty to render the decision they did in the DeMoss case. It is under this decision that about 200 convicts in the Frankfort Reformatory and about 100 at Eddyville will be paroled. The indeterminate sentence law, under which these convicts are paroled and released, was enacted by the legislature of 1910, before I became governor. I am in favor of repealing it."

### Legislative Districts.

The bill of Senator Bosworth, redistricting the legislative districts, was reported without expression of opinion with a minority report signed by Senator Weleb. Senator Bosworth urged the adoption of the minority report. He said Section 33 of the constitution provides that no legislative district shall be composed of more than two counties. The ninety-third legislative district, he said, was composed of four counties, Bell, Harlan, Perry and Leslie.

### To Repeal Charter Proposed.

Representative Klette, of Kenton county, introduced a bill in the house to repeal the charter of the Cincinnati and South Covington Street Railway Co., granted by a special act of the legislature on March 16, 1869. The purpose of the act is to end the pending litigation in the federal court at Covington between the city of Covington and the railway company. If the legislature repeals the charter and its action is held to be valid by the courts, then the city of Covington will offer for sale a franchise for a street railway company. This sale has been stopped by injunction.

### Pike County Bill Withdrawn.

Advocates of the measure to create the county of Mayo out of a part of Pike appeared before the senate committee on Kentucky statutes, and withdrew the bill. It was explained by the backers of the measure that they had become satisfied they could not overcome the constitutional barrier providing that the boundary line of a proposed county shall not be within ten miles of the county seat of another county at any point. It was announced that the committee stood 5 to 2 against the bill.

### Memory of Buckner Honored.

In resolutions adopted on the death of Gen. Simon Hollivay Buckner, the general assembly expresses "the high esteem in which he was held and to place on the record here a brief memorial of his public service in order that other sons of Kentucky may be encouraged to devote themselves to the service of their state and their fellowmen." Gen. Buckner, a graduate of West Point, was a lieutenant in the Mexican war and a general in the Confederate service. He was governor of Kentucky from 1887 to 1891. In 1896 he was nominated for vice president of the United States at Indianapolis. In conclusion the resolution reads: "In his long, honorable, illustrious life he shed luster not only on himself, but on the whole Commonwealth. Distinguished in war and in peace, he is a good exemplar for the imitation of the youth of the land. He has been one of the most distinguished men ever born in the state. He has helped to ennoble and enrich our heritage. His services were great; his esentcheon stainless; his fame is gratifying to all high-minded men."

### Act To Avert Panic Movies.

Senator Robert H. Scott, of Paducah, is preparing a bill to introduce in the legislature that will provide for a penalty every time an insurance company must pay if it withdraws from Kentucky because of the Glenn bill and returns to the state. In speaking about his bill, Senator Scott said: "There is a good deal of talk being made about the insurance companies withdrawing from Kentucky if the Glenn bill becomes a law. I think that is a bluff. If there is an insurance company desiring to withdraw from the state because of this bill, and tries to precipitate a panic among the insurance companies, then it should pay a penalty before it is readmitted."

Without serious amendment the Glenn-Greene bill, empowering the state insurance board to fix a flat rate on the insurance, was passed by the house, 52 to 25. The bill raises a fund of \$100,000 to be used in putting it into effect.

### Appropriation Not Solicited.

A communication was read from M. J. Gooch, vice president of the board of regent of the Western Kentucky Normal School, calling attention to the fact that a bill was introduced recently providing for an appropriation of \$15,000 a year for the institution. He said that neither President Cherry nor any member of the board had asked for the appropriation. He wrote: "The members of the board have stated repeatedly both to state officials and members of the general assembly that the Western Normal School would not ask for anything additional during this session, and we don't want to be put in the attitude of acting in bad faith. Our present annual appropriation of \$75,000 is ample at present to pay the running expenses of the school, and any additional amount, restricted to this use, would be superfluous. Representative E. D. Stone, of Crittenden county, who introduced the bill, explained that it had been misprinted."

## AT THE CAPITOL

H. M. Froman, of Ghent, has been reappointed a member of the State Board of Agriculture.

The monument of Gov. William Goebel, standing in front of the Capitol, will be unveiled March 11 instead of March 4.

A meeting of State Supervisors and Instructors has been called in Louisville for April 6, 7 and 8, during the meeting of the Kentucky Educational Association.

J. O. Ward, executive agent of the Fish and Game Commission, and his colleagues were highly commended in the report of the Senate Investigating Committee.

A bill by Representative Wood exempts from taxation moneys received from the United States government and the commonwealth of Kentucky by citizens as pensioners.

The bill of Representative Stone abolishes the office of assessor in each county and provides that the justice of the peace in each magisterial district assess the property.

Through the generosity of John C. Mayo, of Paintsville, Confederate soldiers of Kentucky entitled to a pension payment at this time will receive their pension in money, nearly \$100,000 in cash, instead of being compelled to accept an interest-bearing state warrant. Mr. Mayo has consented to take the warrants without a discount. All other state warrants issued at this time, as for months past, have been stamped interest bearing instead of being paid.

At a conference of prohibition leaders here, Mrs. Frances E. Beauchamp, C. J. Carter, H. A. Spencer, I. T. Spencer, F. T. Kelly and J. D. Redd, discussed ways to push the state-wide prohibition amendment. It was announced that 100 leading temperance workers will be here to push the bill.

The Lexington Commercial Club has invited the general assembly to take a day off and visit Lexington, so all members may have an opportunity to inspect the State University and Eastern Kentucky State Hospital.

## STEAMER SINKS AT LOUISVILLE

QUEEN CITY WAS BOUND FOR  
NEW ORLEANS WITH EX-  
CURSIONISTS.

### LIFE-SAVERS RESCUE 110

Boat is Swept Out of Harbor by Current and Dashed Against Pier—Panic Follows, But Passengers Are Restrained From Jumping Into Icy Waters.

Western Newspaper Union News Service. Louisville, Ky.—The steamer Queen City, bound from Pittsburg to New Orleans with a crowd of Mardi Gras excursionists, was swept out into the Ohio river by the swift current when it tried to land at Louisville at 2 o'clock in the morning. The boat was hurled against a pier of the Kentucky chute and sank in eight feet of water. The 110 passengers were taken to shore safely by the life-savers of the Louisville station. At the first signal of distress from the steamer, Capt. Gilhooley and all his men put out to the Queen City and made trip after trip to shore carrying all the passengers. For a time there was a panic, and it was with difficulty that women were restrained from throwing themselves into the icy water.

### ONLY EUGENIC MARRIAGES.

Two Lexington Ministers Will Require  
Certificates of Health.

Lexington, Ky.—Dean Robert K. Massie, of Christ Church cathedral, and Rev. H. C. Salmund, of the Church of the Good Shepherd, both Episcopalian, have announced that after Easter Sunday they will solemnize no marriage unless the prospective bridegroom shall present a certificate of good health from the family physician of the woman he intends to marry or from a reputable physician, designated by the bride to be or her parents. The ministers are acting under the general law of their church, which permits them to exercise their own discretion in solemnizing any marriage.

### AN EDUCATIONAL AWAKENING.

Salersville, Ky.—An unusual enthusiasm for education is sweeping over Magoffin county. Nearly every public school teacher held box suppers to secure funds to supply their respective districts with libraries. As a result nearly every school district in Magoffin county has a library. A Magoffin county Educational association has been organized, and the slogan is, "Two For Two," meaning that Magoffin county will have two teachers for every other two at the coming meeting of the Kentucky Educational association.

### SLOT MACHINE DECISION.

Newport, Ky.—A verdict of interest to saloonkeepers and confectioners was rendered by a jury in the circuit court in the case of Malcolm Keads, who was charged with "unlawfully aiding and assisting in operating a nickel-in-the-slot machine used for betting, whereby money is won and lost." A verdict finding the defendant not guilty was returned. The defense was based upon the contention that the worth of a nickel dropped into the machine is given to each person, either in candy or chewing gum.

### STRINGING CURRENT LINES.

Whitesburg, Ky.—The Consolidation Coal Co. is arranging to start work upon the construction of 150 miles of high tension transmission lines to furnish current to all cities and mining communities within a radius of 60 miles of Jenkins, where it has a 12,500 horsepower plant. Already the company has constructed lines to the new cities of Wayland and Watson to Beaver creek, where the Elkhorn Coal and Gas Co. is operating on a large scale.

### NEW COURTHOUSE OCCUPIED.

Whitley City, Ky.—Circuit court convened here in the new \$5,000 courthouse, with Judge F. D. Sampson presiding. There were more than 400 persons in attendance. The judge's charge to the grand jury was strong as to the violation of the liquor law and the carrying of pistols. There are three murder cases to be tried.

### HORSES BRING GOOD PRICES.

Lancaster, Ky.—Pendleton & Miles, of El Dorado, Ark., have bought five saddle horses from W. H. Hurton at an average of \$200 a head and fifteen head from other dealers at \$150 each.

### OFFER OF STATUE WITHDRAWN.

Louisville, Ky.—James P. Whallen withdrew his offer of an \$11,000 statue of John H. Whallen, which had been accepted by the Louisville board of park commissioners. Whallen charges that a fraternal order had already held a meeting, in which his offer to pay a tribute to his brother was "made the vehicle of a torrent of religious prejudice." The Women's Christian Temperance Union also adopted resolutions protesting against the proposed statue.

### STARTS A NEW PAPER



H. C. Chappell.

The Three States is the name of H. C. Chappell's new paper at Middlesboro. Mr. Chappell is one of the best known newspaper men in Kentucky. His first newspaper venture was the Thousandsteks, published at Hyden in 1903. At the time Mr. Chappell was only nineteen years of age. Later he was connected with the Somerset (Ky.) Republican.

### ZOE ANDERSON MORRIS

Kentucky Woman Predicted Death In  
Last Issue of Her Magazine.

Harrodsburg, Ky.—In the last issue of the little New York magazine, "East Side," Zoe Anderson Norris wrote: "I am going to take the journey to the undiscovered country very, very soon." Mrs. Norris has been a contributor to magazines, she had done active newspaper work, and five years ago she began the publication of the little magazine. She was best known of recent years by writers and newspaper people generally as the founder and spirit of the Ragged Edge club.

### CONFEDERATE VETERAN DEAD.

Louisville, Ky.—James McDowell, 80 years old, a confederate veteran, died of the infirmities of age, at the State Confederate home at Pewee Valley. He had been in failing health for several years, and during the last 11 months had been almost helpless. At the hour of Mr. McDowell's death a great-granddaughter was born in Louisville, Mr. and Mrs. Walter R. Jones being her parents.

### DOCTORS OBJECT TO RATE.

Versailles, Ky.—At a meeting of the city council an ordinance was adopted making vaccination in Versailles compulsory, conditioned upon the doctors consenting to vaccinate at 50 cents per capita, instead of \$1, the regular rate. Some of the doctors when approached declined to accede to the "cut rate" proposed by the council, and the ordinance was suspended.

### CIVIL WAR HERO PASSES.

Lexington, Ky.—William Robertson, one of the oldest locomotive engineers in the state, having run an engine during the civil war, died at his home here. During the war he and his engine were captured by the federal army during the battle at Cynthiana after he had raced across two burning bridges.

### PERSIAN CHOSEN FOR PASTOR.

Sbellyville, Ky.—The Rev. M. Max Joseph has accepted a call to the pastorate of the Mulberry Presbyterian church. Mr. Max Joseph is a native of Persia and will graduate from the Presbyterian Theological Seminary in Louisville in June.

### ODD FELLOWS HOLD MEETING.

Eminence, Ky.—Several hundred Odd Fellows attended the meeting of the Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows, comprising thirteen counties of Central Kentucky, which was held in this city. A large class was given the grand lodge degrees.

### AT FUNERAL UNDER GUARD.

Nicholsville, Ky.—The funeral of James Bishop, who died in jail from a gunshot wound was held in Wilmore, and Bishop's father, who is in jail for the alleged killing of Robert Gorman, in the same fight, was allowed to attend the funeral under a guard.

### U. M. SWINFORD REAPPOINTED.

Carlisle, Ky.—Circuit Judge L. P. Fryer has reappointed U. M. Swinford master commissioner.

### PLAN FOR PHILIPPINES.

Stanford, Ky.—Representative Harvey Helm, of Stanford, has just submitted to the House Committee on Insular Affairs, of which he is a member, a new plan of government for the Philippine Islands under the administration's plan to grant increasing independence to the islands until they finally are autonomous. Mr. Helm would give them a status such as the thirteen original American colonies occupied in their relations toward England. They would make their own laws and collect their own taxes. Under this plan, Mr. Helm thinks, the provinces could stand as territories, while the more progressive provinces could be states, with full voting powers.

### DARING ROBBERS CAUGHT

Three Men Held Up a Poker Game  
and Robbed Players.

Louisville, Ky.—Captured and identified as the armed bandits who held up Vincent Gargoppo's poker game, three men, James McCherry, a boiler-maker of Los Angeles; Ben Smith, a structural ironworker of St. Paul, and James Hukell, known to the police as "Spokane Whitley," a pool shark, are prisoners, each facing four charges of robbery. Three of the twelve men who were around the poker table searched at the muzzles of two revolvers and relieved of nearly \$300 in cash and valuables, including a "fat pot and a kitty," looked over the prisoners and made the charges, after which the trio confessed.

### CLAY'S WIDOW IS DEAD.

Richmond, Ky.—Mrs. Dora Brock Clay Hunt, who gained national notice 15 years ago when she married Gen. Cassius Marcellus Clay when he was in his ninetieth year, died at her home near here. At the time of her wedding to Gen. Clay, Mrs. Hunt was 16 years old, and Mr. Clay, who was at one time minister to Russia, barricaded his home in Madison county in order to prevent any relatives from stopping the ceremonies. The girl later was divorced and since that time had been married four times. Gen. Clay died in 1905.

### STUDENTS' SMOKING FORBIDDEN.

Lexington, Ky.—A resolution adopted by the faculty of state university provides "that hereafter it shall be unlawful for any student to smoke in any of the recitation rooms, Y. M. C. A. rooms, armory, gymnasium, drawing rooms, hallways, doorways or laboratories of the university; and that it shall be the duty of the professors, assistants and instructors and the commandant to rigidly enforce this regulation."

### FRUIT CULTURE IS PUSHED.

Salersville, Ky.—The Magoffin County Fruit Growers' association has held two enthusiastic meetings. The slogan of the association is "Fruitless Fruit." County Superintendent S. S. Elam is president of the association. There is no doubt but Magoffin county will soon come to the front as a fruit county. The Magoffin County Home Canning club has been organized.

### WATER SCARCITY IN HARDIN.

Elizabethtown, Ky.—The effects of the drought last summer and fall are still noticeable upon the water supply of Hardin county. Wells are being bored to a great depth in the place of the dry wells, in order to obtain water. The dry branches of the county, which are generally flooded at this season, are still without water.

### CASH FOR MINE PROPERTIES.

Henderson, Ky.—April 1 is the date fixed for the consummation of the \$6,000,000 coal consolidation in Western Kentucky. A deed in escrow for the properties of the Pittsburg Coal company at Haskett and at Scottsville has been prepared. Cash will be paid for these properties.

### BOND ELECTION WANTED.

Franklin, Ky.—Petitions are being circulated in this county for an election on the proposition to float for an amount not to exceed \$100,000 for the purpose of building pike. It is the request of the petitioners that a special election be held April 19.

### VIOLATIONS OF DRY LAWS.

Carlisle, Ky.—The Nicholas county grand jury has adjourned after returning into court 36 indictments. Eighteen of them are against persons charged with violations of prohibition laws and there are a number of charges of carrying deadly weapons concealed.

## OVER THE STATE

Gov. McCreary appointed H. H. Howard police judge of Ezel, Morgan county, to succeed E. F. Davis, who has become postmaster at that place, and appointed W. T. Wood police judge of Rochester, Butler county.

Robert Link, a Paris grocer, who was shot and dangerously wounded, was in a bit of probability recover. Surgeon Graphed his skull.

## SWEEPSTAKE UPON SWEEPSTAKE

CANADA ADDING OTHERS TO ITS  
SERIES OF VICTORIES.

A Manitoba Steer Carries Off Similar  
Honors to Those Won by a Half-  
Brother in 1912.

When Glenearnock I., the Aberdeen-Angus steer, owned by Mr. McGregor of Brandon, Manitoba, carried off the sweepstakes at the Chicago Live Stock Show in 1912, it was considered to be a great victory for barley, oats and grass versus corn. So that there might be no doubt of the superiority of barley feeding, Manitoba climate, and judgment in selecting the animal, Mr. McGregor placed in competition in 1913, another Aberdeen-Angus, a half-brother to the animal that won last year, and secured a second victory in the second year. In other classes he had excellent winnings, but the big victory was the sweepstakes for the best steer. This victory proved that Manitoba-grown barley and oats, and prairie hay, had properties better than any contained in corn, which in the past has been looked upon as being superior to other grains in fattening and finishing qualities. Not only this, but Glenearnock's victory proves that the climate of the prairie provinces of western Canada, in combination with rich foods that are possessed by that country, tends to make cattle raising a success at little cost.

Other winners at the live stock show which placed western Canada in the class of big victories were: Three firsts, seven seconds, and five other prizes in Clydesdales.

The winners, Bryce, Taber, Sutherland, Slaton, Mutch, McLess, Haggerty, Leckie and the University of Saskatchewan are like family names in Saskatchewan. Each one had "the goods" that won honor to himself and combined made a name and record for Saskatchewan.

Look at the recent victories won by western Canada within the past three years.

In February, 1911, Hill & Sons of Lloydminster, Saskatchewan, showed a peak of oats at the National Corn Exposition, held at Columbus, Ohio, and carried off the Colorado silver trophy, valued at \$1,500.

In February, 1913, the same men, father and son, had a similar victory at Columbia, N. C., and should they win in 1914 at Dallas, Texas, they will own the trophy.

In 1911, Seager Wheeler of Rothen won \$1,000 in gold at the New York Land Show for the best 100 pounds of wheat.

In 1912 at the Dry Farming Congress at Lethbridge, Alberta, Mr. Holmes of Cardston won the \$2,500 Rumley engine for best wheat in the world.

In 1913, at the Dry Farming Congress, held at Tulsa, Okla., Mr. P. Gerlack of Allen, Saskatchewan, carried off the honors and a threshing machine for the best bushel of wheat shown in competition with the world.

In 1913 at the International Dry Farming Congress at Tulsa, Okla., Canada won the majority of the world's honors in individual classes, and seven out of the sixteen sweepstakes, including the grand prize for the best bushel of hard wheat.

The grand prize, a threshing machine, was won by Paul Gerlack for best bushel of hard wheat, which weighed 71 pounds to the bushel, and was of the Marquis variety.

In the district in which the wheat was grown that won this prize, there were thousands of acres this year that would have done as well. Mr. Gerlack is to be congratulated, as well as the province of Saskatchewan, and western Canada as a whole, for the great success that has been achieved in both grain and cattle.

Other prizes at the same place were:

Best peck of barley, Nicholas Tetmiger, Claresholm, Alberta.

Best peck of oats, E. J. Laagan, Elfrass, Saskatchewan.

Best bushel of flax, John Plewa, Carnduff, Saskatchewan.

Best sheaf of barley, A. H. Crossman, Kindersley, Saskatchewan.

Best sheaf of flax, R. C. West, Kindersley, Saskatchewan.

Best sheaf of oats, Arthur Perry, Cardston, Alberta.

In district exhibits, Swift Current, Saskatchewan, won the Board of Trade Award, with Maple Creek second.

Other exhibitors and winners were:

Red flax spring wheat, E. A. Fredrick, Maple Creek.

Other variety of hard spring wheat, S. Englehart, Abernethy, Sask.

Black oats, Alex. Wooley, Horton, Alta.

Western rye grass, W. S. Creighton, Stalwart, Sask.

Sheaf of Red flax wheat, R. H. Carter, Fort Qu'Appelle, Sask.

Sheaf of Marquis wheat, C. N. Carey, Dysart, Sask.

Oats, any other variety, Wm. S. Simpson, Pamburn, Sask.

Two-rowed barley, R. H. Carter, Fort Qu'Appelle, Sask.

Six-rowed barley, R. H. Carter, Fort Qu'Appelle, Sask.

Western rye grass, Arthur Perry, Cardston, Alta.

Alsike clover, Seager Wheeler, Rothen, Sask.—Advertisement.

### Mean Hint.

"His wife made him."  
"Good heavens! Where did she ever get the pattern?"

### This Will Interest Mothers.

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children relieve Feverishness, Headache, Bad Stomach, Teething Disorders, move and regulate the bowels and destroy worms. They break up colds in 24 hours. They are so pleasant to take children like them. Used by mothers for 2 years. All Druggists, E. C. Sample, East Area, A. S. Otis, Le Roy, N. Y. Adv.

A reformer never believes in him self as much as he wants other to believe in him.



## THE MOUNTAIN ADVOCATE

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY AT  
BARBOURVILLE, KENTUCKYW. H. McDONALD ..... EDITOR  
V. C. McDONALD, Assoc. EditorEntered as Second-Class Matter February  
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One Dollar Per Year in Advance

The Official Organ of the Republican  
Party in Knox County.

## Editorial.

THERE are some people in the world that are content with just anything in any way and there are many more that are not content with any and all things that one could wish for. Some people are born lucky, others rich, while some it seems are destined to go through the world as beasts of burden, or at least hewers of wood and drawers of water and bearers of burdens. Some cannot help it, others could if they would, but man comes into this world without his consent, and goes out against his own will. He has no control of these matters, but he can certainly keep himself clean. Water is plentiful and cost nothing. Soap is cheap and the man or woman who goes about with the filth of many weeks upon his person is usually the man who has more spare time than anyone in which to wash and clean up.

THE Senator from Harlan county is right in offering his bill, regulating the wearing apparel of women. We have noticed some skirts worn by Kentucky's prettiest and sweetest women that is a disgrace, and an abomination in the sight of God and man. We noticed some only last week that were no wider than the ordinary pants leg for the ordinary man and was so light that the outlines of these women were plain. That Senator ought to go further and offer a Bill regulating the kind of waist they should wear, and stop women from appearing in company half naked. No wonder our dockets are crowded with cases of rape and detaining women against their will, and that ministers of all creeds are being sent to the electric chair and to the penitentiaries of this land for murdering women. Until the women of the land learn to dress decently this crime will go on. The way to stop an evil is to get at the root of it and pass a law regulating women's wearing apparel will dig up the very root that is the bane of society.

THE Magistrates, through their attorney at Frankfort, try to draw a comparison between the Atherton-Perry bill and the bill that was introduced to remove Mr. Blakey, the Republican City Attorney in Louisville, in favor of a Democrat. Between the two bills there is a radical difference. The City Attorney bill made no pretense of meeting exigency. It proposed nothing more than to take an office from a Republican because he was a Republican and give it to a Democrat because he was a Democrat. In other words, it was an effort to use the law-making power for mere political ends. There was no public sentiment in favor of ousting Mr. Blakey. The "Ripper Bill" was favored by nobody but a small number of politicians of the office-seeking and office-trading class. The bill to remove the Magistrates in 1910 is opposed by none but members of that class. The opposition to the Atherton-Perry bill stands upon the slippery ground that was occupied by the promoters of the bill to remove Mr. Blakey. And, as the squires say, through Mr. Roy, "sentiment was so strongly against the Ripper Bill that regardless of politics the Legislature refused to oust Mr. Blakey."

Vindication of Judge Flem D. Sampson  
by a Democratic Legislative Committee.

As was announced in the columns of this paper last week, the Committee of the House of Representatives which were appointed in pursuance of a resolution offered in the House some days ago seeking the impeachment of Judge Flem D. Sampson, of this city, made its report to the House of Representatives in which Judge Sampson was completely exonerated, and the Committee recommended that "No articles of impeachment be brought" to use their exact words. This is a distinct triumph for Judge Sampson over his enemies, both personal and political, who sought his downfall, and who had conspired to remove him from the office. The men who were behind the charges which were preferred against Judge Sampson, have been shown to be men whose personal animosities and petty grievances have led them into wilfully and maliciously and surreptitiously bringing charges which they could not begin to substantiate by proof, when they were brought down to the real issue.

Perhaps the majority of the people of Knox county and the other counties composing the Thirty-fourth Judicial District of which Judge Sampson is the presiding Judge do not realize as yet the real significance of the charges brought against Judge Sampson, nor the extent of his victory over the men who like wolves in sheep's clothing have sought for the past two years to find one of his official acts which they could attack. This is the first time for a great many years that such a charge has been brought against an official of this Commonwealth, perhaps the first time since the adoption of the present Constitution. The enormity of the charge, if he should have been proved guilty, is appalling. As it is, it makes all good men tremble to think that such vultures and carion-mongers could be allowed to bring such charges against one of the chief officers of the Commonwealth. The position of Circuit Judge is one of the most important stations we have in our government. The people of the State must look to him to stand between them and the giant corporations, which seek to tread the people under their feet, and do things which no individual citizen would think of doing. He is the bulwark which stands between the people on the one side and these soulless captains of industry, greed and corruption on the other side, and it devolves upon him to protect the rights of the masses of the people to a larger and greater extent than any other officer. Only a very few impeachment proceedings have ever been instituted in the whole of the United States, but when they are instituted they are usually successful, because the men who are back of them are men of character and ability and have the interests of the people at heart. However such was not the case in the proceedings brought against Judge Sampson. From the first it was seen that the charges were brought by men who were bitter personal enemies and that they were conceived in the brains of these men and had no foundation in truth or in fact. They were malevolent, spiteful charges brought to attempt to injure the character of one of the greatest Circuit Judges the grand old Commonwealth of Kentucky has ever had.

The proceedings before the Committee were of the same nature as those conducted by the grand juries, of which most of the people are familiar. This in itself is an additional triumph for Judge Sampson, for all men who have ever been around the courts know that it is a very hard thing to prevent an unfavorable report from the grand jury when there is any evidence to sustain the charges which have been preferred. Thus it will be seen that Judge Sampson was never really accused of the charges by any authoritative source, and was never even summoned and indicted had ever been returned against him so to speak. But the people who were back of the charges conceived the plan of bringing a Republican Judge from the Eleventh District before the bar of a Democratic Legislature and they felt sure that he would be ousted even without the necessary proof. And that was the original program. The Speaker of the House of Representatives appointed a committee to investigate the charges and this committee was composed entirely of Democrats. Not a single Republican was placed on the Committee. If there had been any kind of evidence to sustain these charges, which we might remark in passing, were forty-five in number, and covered every conceivable ground of complaint, this committee would have most certainly reported to the House of Representatives recommending the impeachment of Judge Sampson. But the evidence could not be produced, as all the friends of Judge Sampson and all the fair minded men in the district who knew anything about the situation, knew it would not and could not be produced. A mass of testimony was introduced, the prosecution bringing in thirty-nine witnesses, and employing one of the most prominent lawyers of the State an attorney for the Lexington and Eastern, to conduct the prosecution and examine the witnesses, but they were unable to prove any of the assertions to the satisfaction of the Committee.

It is not our intention to take up the charges which were preferred against Judge Sampson one by one for that would take up too much time and space, but we would like to be able to tell all of the people of the District just what these charges were and then let them know what sort of testimony was brought to sustain the charges. One of the charges was that he had gone beyond the law in the discharge of his official duties in discharging a jury after they had failed to find a defendant guilty for selling whiskey, after the proof showed conclusively that the defendant was guilty and that same defendant plead guilty in twenty-five similar cases and paid a fine of \$2500. That this is a common practice and is not beyond the scope of his rights as well as his duty is evidenced by the fact that only last week in the city of Louisville which is in the county of Jefferson, Judge James P. Gregory, and of the Jefferson Criminal court, discharged a jury because they found a defendant not guilty of murder when the proof showed that the verdict should have been otherwise. Ament this charge, the Committee said: "Where he has gone beyond the law in the discharge, his duties as Judge, has been under very aggravating circumstances. In his judicial District there has been open and notorious violations of the local option laws. In ordering destruction of the property heretofore referred to in this district it was for the sole purpose of breaking up this practice and for no other reason." The Committee also finds that he has many "bitter enemies" and that most of these enemies are in the county of McCreary where a hot fight has been waged for years as to the county seat. There are and were two factions in this fight and of course one of the factions has become very bitter against Judge Sampson. So much bitterness has been injected into the prosecution of this case, as to come up to the political prejudice described by a learned Judge of this State, in the following language:—

"It enters unseen and unsuspected into the human mind, corrodes the reason, and undermines the judgment. Neither parity of heart nor exaltation of character affords an antidote for this deadly poison. Indeed these virtues may well magnify the evil, for the mind thus possessed is all the more ready to enforce the oblique judgment when it has no cause to suspect its own integrity. The pages of history are eloquent with the evils of this passion. It is recorded that the ferocious soldiery used to hary the inhabitants of Somersetshire after the rebellion of 1685, although disciplined in the rapine of Tangier, inspired the followers of unhappy Monmouth with less terror than did Lord Jeffries with his

forms of law and courtly jurors; that when the English Government established the common law in India, the native should had himself entangled in its meshes, though schooled by fatalism to smile in the face of death, was frozen with terror in the presence of a mysterious system whose procedure was in an unknown tongue and whose verdicts were rendered by unsympathetic strangers from across the sea. These convicts with current history have seen a highly civilized and generous people, under stress of racial passion, condemn without proof a soldier charged with a political crime, and sentence him without mercy to a punishment worse than death, and yet when the storm had spent its force that judgment was annulled, the victim released and all the world now knows his innocence."

All in all the Committee gave Judge Sampson a "Clean Bill of Health," and it is to his honor and credit to say that it was not and cannot by any possible construction be a "White-wash," as is often times the case in matters of like or similar nature, for he was tried by men who opposed him politically, but who were able to rise above their political prejudices and see that justice was given Judge Sampson, although he was a Republican from the Eleventh District of Kentucky. These men have done their duty well, and they should receive the thanks of every good man and woman in this Judicial District who loves fair play and believes in equal privileges and justice to all. In their report the Committee said: "There is not a scintilla of evidence or testimony to show that any of his decisions have been corrupt, or that he has been influenced improperly by any means." Coming as this does from the mouths of Democrats from the Bluegrass section of the State, it is an additional gratification to Judge Sampson and his friends. Judge Sampson, although subjected to the indignity of having these charges brought against him, will we believe eventually benefit by these charges, for the people of this District will not stand idly by and see a man of Judge Sampson's well-known ability and integrity thus treated without letting the men who have been base enough to bring such charges know that they do not approve of such underhand tactics and that they have confidence in Judge Sampson which has not been shaken by these proceedings brought by his enemies, and now believe in him stronger than ever.

## COMMISSIONER'S SALE

Knox Circuit Court.

By order of the Knox Circuit Court, rendered at its January term, 1911, in the case of

C. C. Sprout & Co., Plaintiffs,  
against

Jellison Gas &amp; Coal Co., Defts.

I will, as Commissioner, on the 21th day of February, 1911, sell at Mining plant of the Jellison Gas &amp; Coal Co., near Rossland, Ky., viz:

The property to be sold is described as follows: One Jeffries Mining machine, type M No. 28, A Volts 250, undercut 5 track self propelling steam gauge 42 inches together with a set of fittings and tools, belonging to said Jeffries mining machine, and consisting of Reel, duplex cable wrenches, jack &c. Also one Jeffries Electric locomotive, weighing about 3 tons with 250 volts, and being class M. H. 107, together with all fittings and tools, belonging to and being part of the said motor. A lot of copper wire, attachments, and fasteners forming a part of the electrical fan in defendants mine, one boiler and engine, one brown mule, 1200 feet of trolley wire, 16 new mining cars purchased by defendant company, one switch board, 7 tons of iron rails.

Said property will be sold on a credit of three months, the purchaser to execute bonds with approved security, bearing interest at six per cent, from date until paid, leaving the force and effect of a judgment and retaining a lien on said property until the purchase money is paid.

Witness my hand, this 12 day of February, 1911.

W. W. Byrley, M. C.

Knox Circuit Court.

Sale at 1 p. m. Purchaser must execute bonds as soon as sale is over, or the property will be immediately put up and resold.

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THE MOUNTAIN ADVOCATE

## Field Seeds.

Farmers all over the State are taking advantage of the wholesale cash prices on field seeds being made by W. Bush Nelson, of Lexington, Ky. Write to him for price list and samples and save middle man's profit.

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I have a modern house and lot that I will sell cheap. This house is situated on Depot Street, has eight rooms, halls up and down stairs, complete with bath, Plumbed with water and gas and electricity. Newly painted and roof complete and in good repair. Call on or address.

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R. W. NEUMANN  
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## Fine Jack For Sale



A big black Standard Jack, weighs up to 800 pounds, height 15 hands, neatly shod. Will offer for sale, if not sold privately, will be sold to the highest and best bidder, on County Court day in February, between the hours of 12:00 and 1:00 o'clock.

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Nine room house with two halls, cellar, water, light and gas, large yard and garden, on Dishman street, for sale or rent, former residence of J. M. Robison.

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SHOULD \$25 PER  
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Introducing our very complete Spring line of beautiful wool suitings wash fabrics, fancy waistings, silk handkerchiefs, petticoats, etc. Up-to-date N. Y. city patterns. Finest line on the market. Dealing direct with the mills you will find our prices low. If others can make \$10 to \$20 weekly you can also. Sample, full instructions in neat Sample case, shipped express prepaid. No money required. Exclusive territory. Write for particulars. Be first to apply.

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## Church Directory

## CUMBERLAND RIVER BAPTIST CHURCH

Every Sunday in each month.  
 Morning Service ..... 10:45 a. m.  
 Evening ..... 7:30 p. m.  
 Sabbath School ..... 9:45 a. m.  
 Prayer Meeting, Wednesday ..... 7:30 p. m.  
 REV. A. C. HUTSON, Pastor.

## FIRST METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH

Every Sunday in each month.  
 Morning Service ..... 10:45 a. m.  
 Evening ..... 7:30 p. m.  
 Sabbath School ..... 9:45 a. m.  
 Prayer Meeting, Thursday ..... 7:30 p. m.  
 M. H. C., 1st & 2nd, Mondays ..... 7:30 p. m.  
 REV. E. R. OVERLY, Pastor.

## CHRISTIAN CHURCH SERVICES

Morning Service ..... 11:30 a. m.  
 Evening ..... 7:30 p. m.  
 Sabbath School ..... 9:45 a. m.  
 Junior Endeavor ..... 1:30 p. m.  
 S. S. Workers' Con., Tues. ..... 7:30 p. m.  
 Prayer Meeting, Tuesday ..... 7:30 p. m.  
 REV. J. W. LIGON, Pastor.

## PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH SERVICES

First and Third Sunday in each month.  
 Morning Service ..... 11:30 a. m.  
 Evening ..... 7:30 p. m.  
 Sunday School ..... 9:45 a. m.  
 Prayer Meeting, Wednesday ..... 7:30 p. m.  
 REV. HOYT L. BROWN, Pastor.

## METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH SOUTH

Second and Fourth Sunday in each month.  
 Morning Service ..... 11:30 a. m.  
 Evening ..... 7:30 p. m.  
 Sabbath School ..... 9:45 a. m.  
 REV. W. D. GIBBS, Pastor.

## ST. GREGORY'S ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH

Mass and Sermon every First Sunday of the month at 8:30 a. m.  
 Sermon and Evening Prayer, every Third Sunday of the month, at 7:30 p. m.  
 REV. P. AMBROSIO, RECTOR, O. S. B.  
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The National Weekly



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Recognizing the great demand for Collier's at the new price, we have made arrangements to offer it and our own publication each one year for the price of Collier's alone. This is a limited offer and must be taken advantage of promptly.

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 600 News Photos  
 250 Short Stories  
 150 Short Novels  
 100 Illustrated Features  
 2 Complete Novels

Collier's ..... \$2.50 Both for only  
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## Easy to Darken Gray Hair

If your hair is gray, streaked with gray, brittle or falling, get a 7-ounce bottle of Q-BAX. Rub on your hair and scalp, like a shampoo, on retiring. By morning the gray disappears and a few more applications of Q-BAX the hair is beautifully darkened and in addition becomes fluffy, luxuriant and radiant with hair health. Q-BAX stops falling hair, promotes its growth, stops dandruff and itching scalp. Every body likes Q-BAX as it is not sticky nor a dye or stain—delightful to use and sure to beautifully darken the hair so evenly and naturally no one can tell. Only 50-cents for a 7-ounce bottle at Dr. H. F. Herndon's drug store, Barbourville, Ky. Out of town people supplied by mail.—(Advertisement.)

## Timber Lands Wanted.

I want to buy a tract of from two thousand to ten thousand acres of timber land in fee, for immediate operation. If you have any land to sell write me fully giving number of acres, stating whether in solid tract or not, kind and quantity of timber per acre, on what waters, if any, distance from railroad and lowest prices per acre. Send plat or blue print if you have one. On receipt of this information if I am interested I will immediately send some one to look at the land.

James S. Larkin, 403 Capitol Street, Charleston, W. Va.

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"She says she went abroad to finish her education. I wonder if she learned much?" "She told me she had six new ways to fix her hair."—Judge.

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Your Whole System is Right

If You Have any Blood or Skin Disease  
Do Not Delay until it is too late but Order

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A Complete and Positive Remedy for  
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And all other forms of Blood and Skin Diseases.

Hot Springs Physicians pronounce this the Greatest Blood and Skin Remedy ever placed on the Market.

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- 4 Frame Cottages in South Barbourville.
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- 150 Acres of Coal Land 3 1/2 miles South-west of Barbourville.

Several other tracts of Farming and Mineral Land.

Prices and Terms to suit purchasers.

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Twenty lots the lots mentioned above already sold. Store building withdrawn from the sale.

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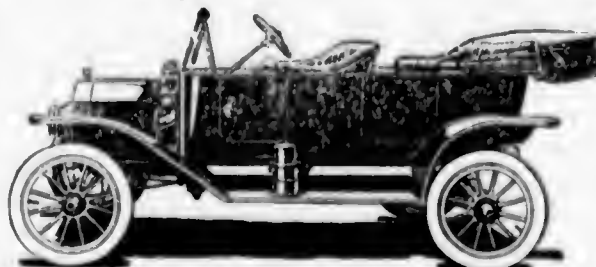
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That is what your wife will say if you will come in and let us take your measure for one of those

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75% of a suit or overcoat value is in the tailoring, and if you will give us your order this Fall, you are sure to get the best. We want the business of the particular dressers of this section and we expect to get it by giving the service. Try us.

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With running water and private toilet \$1 per day  
 With private bath \$1.50 up to \$3.00 per day  
 Large sample rooms with private bath \$2.50 to \$3.50 per day.

You are cordially invited to make this hotel your headquarters while in Louisville, even if only for a day. Have your mail and packages addressed here. You will always be a welcome guest.  
 ROBERT B. JONES, Manager.

## COMMISSIONER'S SALE

By order of the Knox Circuit Court, rendered at its November term, 1913, in the case of

Milton Scott, Plaintiff,

vs.

Jack Murphy & Co., Defendant.

I will, as Commissioner, on the 23rd day of February, 1914, same being first day of the February term of the Knox County Court, sell at the Court House door in Barbourville, Kentucky, to the highest and best bidder the following described property, or enough thereof to satisfy the judgment in said case, amounting to \$87.80, subject to a credit of \$10 paid July 20th, 1913, and \$5 paid August 15th, 1913, and cost of this action.

The land is situated in Knox county, on the Middle Fork of Stinking creek, and is bounded on the west by the land of T. G. Hummons; on the north by the lands of Dewey Hubbard; on the east and the south by the lands of T. G. Hummons.

Said property will be sold on a credit of six months, the purchaser to execute bonds, with approved security, bearing interest at 6% from date until paid, having the force and effect of a judgment and retaining a lien on said property until the purchase money is paid.

Witness my hand, this 4th day of February, 1914.

W. W. BYRLEY, M. C.  
 Knox Circuit Court.

## Happy Marriages

Are the results of knowing the laws of health and nature. All the knowledge a young man or woman, wife or daughter should have, is contained in the People's Medical Adviser, by R. V. Pierce, M. D. This big Home Doctor Book containing 1008 pages with engravings and colored plates, and bound in ivy cloth, (nearly 700,000 copies formerly sold for \$1.50 each), is sent free to any one sending 31 one-cent stamps to prepay cost of wrapping and postage. There are no conditions to this offer and the reader must not associate this book with the advertising pamphlets prepared by quacks throughout the country. Address, 662 Washington St., Buffalo, N. Y.



## Of all the Gall, this Beats it All.

### Read every line.

The forces which tend to disrupt society; that disregard all law except that which is invoked for selfish purposes; the forces that would allow the powerful to plunder the weak and to strip the helpless of the little which they possess, were working hand in glove in an effort before the Legislative Committee, at Frankfort, to impeach Judge Sampson upon various charges, which they preferred and which they attempted to sustain by evidence of a questionable nature.

The criminals; the law breakers, wanted to impeach Judge Sampson because he, as judge, is attempting to enforce the law.

The corporations want him impeached because he refuses to bow to their will and to instruct juries to find and return verdicts for them, and thus turn out of court the weak and unfortunate whose manifold forms are crying out against the wickedness and heedlessness of these corporations in their mad rush for wealth and power.

These two elements of society have been and are now set against, not only Judge Sampson, but all courts and all law which interfere with their methods or their set course of procedure. There is never a case tried in the court against a corporation in which a motion is not made for peremptory instruction. A request made by the attorney for the Corporation that the court peremptorily direct the jury to find and return a verdict in favor of the corporation, and this without regard to the evidence offered by the plaintiff or to the injury which he has sustained. If the court overrules this motion the corporation excepts.

The proceedings in a criminal case are very much the same; the same motion is made and when overruled, exceptions taken. Because Judge Sampson has not acceded to the demands of these rich corporations, they, through their agents have attempted to have him removed from office, and to do this they have contributed large sums of money, and this money was used in the attempt to impeach him at Frankfort. It was attempted to have the Committee hearing the impeachment motion in an honorable, upright and capable manner, who were not willing to allow their high office to be used for the corrupt purpose.

In 1911, when Judge Sampson was a candidate, these same corporations and the railroad supported his election and collected a large contribution fund for the purpose of defeating him. This was used in the election against him. But, notwithstanding all this he was elected by a tremendous majority. After having contributed this money, the corporations and these corporations have not discovered that certain persons living in the village of Pine Knot, McCreary County, were once a Judge Sampson because he did not support that village at the election seat of McCreary County, made tools of these little fellows and charged Judge Sampson with the use of money to secure his election. Of course, having contributed only a few thousand dollars themselves to such a fund, they stood against when the Pine Knot men discovered that they had seen a few hundred dollars on the other side these men with pure motives could not stand for any such conduct. They at once set about to have the Judge ousted from office because it was said that he had used money to overcome and offset that used by his enemies, and in order to prefer these charges they sent a man to Frankfort, riding upon a railroad pass, to institute the same. Didn't it smell good? It looks so hot, so clean, so inviting when a bunch of fellows like these get together for a purpose of removing an officer because he does not suit them in his opinions and decisions. What did they care about whether money had been used in elections or whether a railroad pass had been granted? These charges were preferred in the hope that some mischief could be done; either that the Judge could be removed, or if not that, he could be coerced into doing his instructions and qualifying his opposition to the high handedness of these elements; or if not one in the other of these, then that he could be disgraced in the eyes of his fellow men to such an extent that he would lose some of his influence and power in the enforcement of law, or perhaps be defeated in the next election if he should be a candidate for re-election. They were willing to hang their head on either of these pangs. But when they had spent all their force and had exhausted all their rage and fury, the committee declined to even prefer a charge. It was pitiable to see their long faces and hear their mournful come to.

They squandered a large sum of money in this attempt, but they felt to be rid of such a Judge and to have in his stead a tool whom they could control and manage would be worth the money.

They charged Judge Sampson with having directed the Sheriff of McCreary County to destroy certain blind tigers then running openly in the county, and with compelling the Sheriff to execute the orders by saying to him in open court, "You must either arrest those bootleggers and destroy their tigers; resign your office or go to jail." The Sheriff had declined to perform his duty, although his attention had been called in open court to the fact that these tigers were running in violation of law, and notwithstanding the fact that he had in his hands many warrants for the arrest of these criminals. He was entirely too familiar with them; he was even stated by witnesses that he had been in these places of business and had not arrested the men entering the places. The court compelled him to perform his duty to tear down and destroy these tigers and to arrest and chase out of the county these bootleggers. It was a task that required nerve and courage. No weakness could have been shown under the opposition which the court met, but now the good citizens who believe in law and order rejoice in the stand that Judge Sampson took.

They also complained that he discharged a jury at Williamsburg, because it returned a verdict acquitting a notorious boot-legger, when the evidence was conclusive. At the time dozens of "Swinkey Joints" were running in Whitley County and whiskey and beer were being sold under the guise of "Swinkey." This was one of the first cases tried by Judge Sampson after he came on the bench. The jury had been used to acquitting all persons upon charges whenever any excuse was offered. In this case the witness testified that they bought the whiskey and paid the money and that these persons were then and had been engaged for many years in the unlawful sale of whiskey. The jury came in with a verdict of "not guilty," the court immediately discharged them from further service, another jury was selected and the trial of these cases were proceeded with and many guilty persons were convicted on this same charge, and this same defendant, who was acquitted by this jury, shortly thereafter came into court and pleaded guilty in a large number of cases of selling whiskey and paid fines amounting to \$2,500.00 in cash and the cost of these cases, and was required to execute a peace bond to him again engage in the business, and as is commonly reported about him from trading in liquor since that time. This was the beginning of the end in the Swinkey and whiskey selling in Whitley County. At that time there were a large number of murder charges on the docket of the court; now there are none and but little other criminal business. At that time it took nearly a whole term to try the criminal cases. Now this work can be disposed of in a few days. But Judge Sampson had pursued the course of others the boot-legger and Swinkey man would have rendered this district an undesirable and a disgrace to the State.

At this time of the court every single common law action which had been served as much as ten days before the term began and stood trial, is set down and will be disposed of. No such condition of the docket ever existed in the county in the memory of the oldest lawyer at the bar. In fact it is claimed that it would be impossible to ever catch up with the docket in Whitley County. This has already been accomplished. Now when a suit is filed the plaintiff may expect a trial at the first term. It used to take from three to ten years.

Judge Sampson has tried more cases in the two years that he has been on the bench than any Circuit Judge in the State of Kentucky. It was also complained and made a ground for the removal of Judge Sampson that he had not properly instructed the grand jury, and had failed to enforce the laws against bribery in elections. Those who have heard his instructions to the grand jury can best judge of this. No man ever sat upon the bench in this district who gave more rigid instructions or tried harder to induce the grand to investigate violations of law. As a consequence in the first general election since his incumbency in office, which was the first general election, the was held in this district the most orderly, decent and fair election ever conducted in this State. There was no use of money or whiskey in that election. At the voting places citizens gathered as peacefully and quietly as if at church or Sunday school, and everything went orderly and well. But notwithstanding this, he urged and insisted upon the grand jury investigating this

election and to find out if one had violated the law. In Whitley County alone, the grand jury interrogated more than 500 witnesses coming from every voting precinct in the county without finding any evidence of violations of this character. And the same thing occurred in Knox County, and the grand jury reported that it was the cleanest and fairest election ever held in that good county. But this was one of the grounds upon which they wanted to remove Judge Sampson from office. The corruptionists doesn't like decency in elections. The rich with money have been accustomed to influencing and controlling elections. To be deprived of this power angers them much. Heretofore a worthy poor man had no chance unless he was backed by some one with a "bag." Money was regarded as a qualification to enter an election. Under Judge Sampson's administration every man has an equal show. He does not have to have money to run for a county office.

The railroad companies cannot point to a single instance where a peremptory instruction has been given them or where they have received any advantage in return for any railroad pass issued to Judge Sampson; not a single peremptory instruction has been given in favor of the railroad.

Some complaint was made by the bunch at Frankfort because Judge Sampson changes the juries every week and every two weeks instead of allowing them to remain through a long five to seven weeks term. Some of the lawyers are opposed to this, because they have certain friends whom they can get next to, if allowed, to associate with them for a long term, and these friends when they get on the jury give too much weight and consideration to what is said and done by their favorite attorney instead of listening to the evidence and law. Then too, these new men who serve upon juries are unknown to the lawyers and they do not exactly understand their position in life and do not know how to appeal to their prejudices, and this is another objection urged by the lawyers. It is a noticeable fact that juries remain for a long term and associate and mingle and mix with the lawyers for several weeks they come to have their favorites, and the result is not what it should be. The administration of justice is hindered. A juror should get into the box absolutely free from influence of the attorneys; and this, many of them do. But there are some who are not strong enough to withstand the wiles of the profession.

What manner of man is it that will accept and use a railroad pass, ride the pass to Frankfort to institute proceedings against another man whom he says has secured a pass for some of his friends? What kind of a crook is it that first puts up money in a campaign to defeat a man and when he fails in his designs, charges the successful candidate with having used money in the election, and attempts to have him ousted from office. Isn't this a balmy act? Isn't it small and mean and contemptible?

One rich man in the district, president of a number of corporations, in 1911, put up a large sum of money to be used in the election against Judge Sampson and to compass his defeat. But Judge Sampson was elected. Then after having furnished this corruption fund he furnished another barrel and attempts to have the Judge removed from office because he charges that he used money in his election. Judge Sampson had no protection in that election. Money was being used freely against him. The Judge, then, on the bench, declined to give him any protection. Judge Sampson was not in office and could not prevent the violations of law. Is he to be blamed for protecting himself from the onslaughts of his antagonists?

It is a good thing to serve upon a jury; a thing to be desired, then every honest, upright citizen qualified for the service should have an opportunity. If it is a burden, then the load should be divided and a greater number should be required to carry it. In any event it should be passed around. No honest man can complain at this. All must assist in paying the taxes and all should derive the same benefit therefrom. People are very much pleased with the change of the juries but, there are a few scoundrels who do not like it and who make this one of their complaints.

At St. Gregory's Catholic Church. Rev. James J. Devery, a Paulist Missionary, is delivering a course of sermons in the Catholic Church in this city during the present week which are proving to be of more than ordinary interest. A goodly number attended the opening lecture and gave the speaker close and courteous attention.

Previous to the lecture which was on "The Divinity of Christ," Father Devery greeted his audience with a sincere welcome, and explained briefly the purpose of the lectures and the spirit in which they are to be given. He then went on to speak of the "Question Box," showing the various questions that may be asked and how to treat them.

"We do not come to begin controversy," the missionary said. "We come not to stir up strife between neighbor and neighbor."

## DEATHS.

### OLD SOLDIER PASSES AWAY

On last Monday morning about 5 o'clock old Uncle Henry Shupe died of apoplexy. He is 76 years old. When the Civil War broke out he was one of the first to go to the front; he was a member of troop A, First U. S. Volunteer Cavalry, having answered the first call for volunteers and being in the first 100 men to respond to the call. He has lived for many years on Smoke Creek, and was always regarded as a harmless old man. He was buried Tuesday in the cemetery on Tan Yard Hill. He leaves a wife, three sons and three daughters to mourn his loss.

### WESTERFIELD

Mrs. W. F. Westerfield died Monday morning and was buried Tuesday afternoon in the City Cemetery. She had suffered a long time with liver and stomach trouble, and her death was not unexpected. She was the wife of W. F. Westerfield, who most every one knows, as he has been County Surveyor for many years.

Mrs. Westerfield was a daughter of Henry King, once Sheriff of Knox County and for a long time Master Commissioner of the Knox Circuit Court. She leaves a husband, two sons and two daughters and an innumerable host of friends and neighbors to mourn her loss.

We say goodbye but not forever. For we know we will meet again. Flowers are blooming just after the river.

Over there where there is no pain.

Yet we know that we will miss thee. When we go back to our home, But we look forward to the time When we meet no more to pain.

### BLACK

Mrs. J. T. Black, of Graves Station, died last Friday and was buried Saturday. She was the daughter of Mr. J. W. Crook, of Cranes Nest, she is also a sister to Mrs. D. Brittain and Mrs. W. H. Main of this city.

### Confirmed Testimony

The Kind Barbourville Readers Cannot Doubt

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS have stood the test. The test of time—the hardest test of all. Thousands gratefully testify. To quick relief—no lasting results. Barbourville readers can no longer doubt the evidence.

It's convincing testimony—twice told and well confirmed. Barbourville readers should profit by these experiences.

J. W. Tuggle, Main Street, Williamsburg, Ky., says: "I had a dull pain in the small of my back and the kidney secretions became unnatural and too frequent in passage. I had read about Doan's Kidney Pills and decided to try them. I got a supply. I was not disappointed with the results. They quickly drove away the pains and restored my kidneys to their proper working order. It gives me pleasure to confirm what I said about Doan's Kidney Pills in my former endorsement of them. The cure they gave me has been permanent."

For sale by all druggists.—Price 50 cents.—Foster-McMillan Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States. Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.—Advertisement.

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"We do not come to begin controversy," the missionary said. "We come not to stir up strife between neighbor and neighbor."

We are not to stir up strife between neighbor and neighbor. The spirit of our preaching we hope will be marked by that sweet charity which thinketh no evil."

The lecture was a masterly defense of the doctrine of Christ's Divinity. The speaker began by showing that since the world is forced to admit that Christ is the most truthful and the most unselfish of all the beings who ever lived upon this earth, it is bound to accept his claim to be God, as both true and unselfish. Christ proved his divinity by fulfilling the prophecies, and by working miracles in his own name and by his own power. The apostles confess that He is God, and His enemies dare not deny it. His love for all men both Jew and gentile, saint and sinner, the learned and the untutored, show that He is more than man. His power to conquer the world and bring mighty multitudes to His cross to worship Him as their God, shows that He was not human but divine.

Father Devery will deliver his closing sermon tomorrow evening when he will leave for Hot Springs, Arkansas, to conduct a mission which is to last for two weeks.

### CHRISTIAN CHURCH.

There will be services at the Christian Church next Sunday both morning and evening. The subject of the morning sermon will be "Freedom by the Truth." "Seeking the Lost" will be the subject of the evening sermon. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

J. W. Ligon, Minister.

### BASKET BALL

The Basket Ball, between Union College team and the Pineville team, resulted in a victory of 72 to 11 in favor of Union College. U. C. has some team and has several feathers in her cap.

Possibly She Had Been There. A little girl who lived on a street near a dentist's office, where a shooting affray occurred, happened to hear the pistol shots and shouts of the police. Revolving it in her baby mind an explanation dawned upon her and turning to her father, she said, "He must have pulled the wrong tooth for somebody."

## Kidney Trouble? Oh, YES; I Forgot!

You'll Soon Forget Yours, After Trying Wonderful ROOT JUICE. Guaranteed.

How would you like to forget your kidney trouble, your backache and those knife-like pains? Glory! Can you imagine what a relief it would be to know that you had at last cast off that burden and could enjoy life again? Think of going to bed at night feeling that you are going to sleep soundly, naturally and peacefully till morning, that you're not going to feel the necessity of getting up half



"Wheel That ROOT JUICE Surely Does the Work." A dozen times and that when you awake you're going to feel rested, refreshed and ready for all the duties of the day—no backache, no nervousness, no pain, good appetite, clear head, full of energy, vim and strength.

Will you test a medicine that has accomplished all this for other kidney sufferers, some of whom had given up all hope of ever getting better? Will you test wonderful ROOT JUICE for just ten days on a positive guarantee? Will you give up all those uncertain things, all the things that have failed to help you, all the things you've been wasting your money on, your pills and your plasters and try ROOT JUICE without risking a penny?

You never saw anything work like ROOT JUICE in all your life. You've a grand surprise in store for you and a surprise that is going to bring more joy and happiness into your life than you've experienced in many a day. Try ROOT JUICE this time and know what real relief is. Don't get side tracked on something else and don't let anybody tell you about something just as good. Nothing made is just as good and you'll say so yourself when you've made the test. All good druggists sell ROOT JUICE at one dollar per large bottle and they guarantee it absolutely. It has got to benefit and satisfy you or back goes your money. Instantly the moment you ask for it and not a word of argument. That's how good ROOT JUICE is. That's the strongest possible proof of its merit. Get it now and stop experimenting.



## There is a Best Ribbon for Your Purpose

Yes, we make dozens of different kinds of type-writer ribbons.

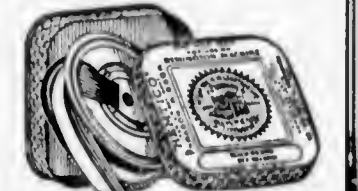
We make scores of different kinds of carbon papers.

We sell the most complete ribbon and carbon lines on the market today.

But mark this point! We have only one kind of ribbon and only one kind of carbon paper for YOU.

There is a best ribbon and a best carbon paper for your purpose, just as there is a best ribbon and a best carbon paper for any other purpose. We have the best ribbons and the best carbon papers for every purpose.

Let us know your purpose—what you require of a ribbon or a carbon paper, and we will name the ribbons and carbon paper that you ought to use.



## Our Paragon Typewriter Ribbons and Red Seal Carbon Papers

are recognized as the leading ribbon and carbon lines on the market.

They are the leading lines not only in quality, but in completeness. And this completeness makes it certain that we have got the exact ribbon and carbon paper for YOU.

Just write us, tell us what machine you use and what your requirements are, and see if we haven't.

## Remington Typewriter Company (Incorporated)

113 North 20th Street  
Middlesboro, Ky.

### Beware of Ointments for Catarrh That Contain Mercury

Mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is sold internally and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

Sold by druggists. Price 75c per bottle.

Take Hall's Family Pill for constipation.

### Under Real Estate Laws.

A man's interest in real estate under the laws of the United States extends from the middle of the earth to the blue empyrean. But if a man neglects to enclose his property, there is no jury in the country likely to convict another man of trespass for taking a short cut across one corner of it. And, by the same token, under existing laws, a property owner would have to enclose his share of the sky before he could hope to convict an aviator on a charge of trespassing.









## SYNOPSIS.

Tommy North, returning to his room in Mrs. Moore's boarding house at 230 a. m., discovers the body of Capt. John Hanks, another roomer, with a knife wound on his breast. Suspicion falls upon a man giving the name of Lawrence Wade, who had called on Hanks in the evening and had been heard quarrelling with Hanks during the excitement of a strange woman who gives her name as Rosalie Letrange, appears and takes into her own home across the street all of Mrs. Moore's boarders, including Miss Barilla, an invalid, who was confined to the room she occupied and whose brother was a favorite among the other boarders. Wade is arrested as he is about to leave the country. Mrs. Letrange, who, while playing her trade as a trance medium, had aided Police Inspector Martin McGee several times, calls at his office to tell what she knows of the crime. While she is there, Constance Hanks, widow of the murdered man, whose existence had been unknown, appears. Mrs. Hanks, says she had left her husband and disclosed the fact that Wade represented her and visited Hanks on the night of the murder in an effort to settle their affairs. She admits Wade was in love with her. Wade is held by the coroner's jury for the death of Hanks. Tommy North, who had been held by the police, is released and returns to Mrs. Letrange's house. He becomes infatuated at once with Betsy-Barbara. Driven by the belief that Betsy-Barbara loves Earl, Tommy North gets drunk and is discovered by Betsy-Barbara.

## CHAPTER VII.

## Facing the Music.

Tommy woke next morning to the appropriate mental and physical tortures. When memory had finished with her rack, the future applied thumb-screws. If he went down to breakfast, he must meet her. He-moored and jealousy struggled in him with a perverse pride. At any rate, he would not run away. No, he would face her. He would look into her eyes, which would be shocked and hurt. The last embers of a ruined existence would shine through his own. Then after she had seen and realized, he would go away forever and send her just one letter—no, just one flower with his card—to let her know what he had felt and what he had cast aside.

Then—since the human spirit is never static—having touched the lowest depths, his thoughts began to rise toward hope. Just how had he behaved last night? What had she seen him do? From the haze of confused memories, a clear fact appeared in this place and that. He had been aware of her standing at the landing. How had she looked? Somehow, he could not remember her face. Why? Because he had been looking at her shoe buckles—at something which glittered—why?

The tragic night of the Hanks murder flashed in upon him, and with it a fact which he had told neither the police in the third degree process nor yet the coroner at the inquest, for the simple reason that he had forgotten it. Now, he remembered it clearly, perfectly. A freak of drunken consciousness had brought back something which he might never have remembered again.

"Gee whiz!" he cried, leaping out of bed, headache and all. "She's looking for evidence—this will fix her!" A cold dip and a dash of bromide restored him wonderfully, for the time.



"It Was a Cluster of Diamonds."

suea of Tommy North were resilient and young. As he entered the dining room for breakfast, only a slight pallor and a little languor indicated the crisis of the night before.

Betsy-Barbara and Constance were already seated. Betsy-Barbara looked him full in the eye.

"Good morning, Mr. North," she said evenly.

"Good morning," replied Tommy North; and he slid into his chair and attacked his grapefruit.

The breakfast went on. Betsy-Barbara talked freely; she appeared animated even. She included Mr. North in the conversation, throwing him a question now and then. He noticed, however, that these questions came only at regular intervals, as though she were remembering to be very careful. That might be a good sign or it might be a bad one, he could not decide which.

Betsy-Barbara and Constance had risen now. Tommy North, with an effort of the will, rose and followed.

"Miss Lane," he said in the hall; "since she did not seem to

# The Red Button

BY Will Irwin

AUTHOR OF THE CITY THAT WAS, ETC.

ILLUSTRATED BY Harry R. Grissinger

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hear him, he spoke louder, "Miss Lane."

Betsy-Barbara turned. Alone with him now—since Constance had gone on—her eyes showed the emotions which she had suppressed in public.

"What is it?" she said icily.

"I wanted," said Tommy—"I wanted to tell you something."

"I think," responded Betsy-Barbara, "that you needn't make any more explanations—thank you!"

She was turning away when Tommy recovered himself.

"Oh, it isn't that," he said. "I can't explain that, of course. I'm not trying to explain that, Miss Lane. It's just something—something new in the line of evidence—about the Hanks case—I think it may help."

Betsy-Barbara turned again—and this time quickly. Her look was startled—but—heaven be praised—friendly.

"Something new?" she said, breathlessly. "Oh, you angel fresh from heaven! Shall I send for Constance?"

This was the point where Tommy North became a strategist.

"It has to do," he said humbly, "with the way I was last night. You saw me—I shouldn't like to tell her."

"Let's take a walk," proposed Betsy-Barbara, with her wonderful practicality.

"If you wish," said Tommy North humbly, and yet thrilled with a sense of renewed companionship. Indeed, by the time they reached the street, he had recovered his spirits so much as to propose, because the street was so noisy, that they take a cross-town car and walk up Fifth avenue. The car was crowded; they must stand; so they did not approach the subject of the moment until they were treading the street of the spenders.

"Well, what is it? I'm dying to know!" said Betsy-Barbara, the instant they reached the avenue.

"Did I do anything strange?" inquired Tommy, "when I first saw you last night?"

"You nearly tumbled at my feet, for one thing," replied Betsy-Barbara.

"What—what were you wearing on your feet?"

Betsy-Barbara thought a second on this peculiar question.

"My velvet slippers with the rhinestone buckles," she said.

Tommy nodded solemnly.

"That was it—I was reaching for them last night—just as I was reaching for something the night I fell at Captain Hanks's door. And it brought everything back."

"Oh, what do you mean?" begged Betsy-Barbara. "Go on! Please go on!"

"I had got to the head of the stairs on the night of the murder," said Tommy. "The gas was lighted in the hall. I was picked. You know how your mind gets on one little thing when you're picked."

"I don't," put in Betsy-Barbara, in spite of her interest in the story—"but please go on."

"And I saw something bright in the hallway, close to Captain Hanks's door. I braced against a post and looked at it. It was a cluster of diamonds—the more I think of it, the more it seems like that shoe buckle of yours. I reached out to get it. Then I tumbled and bit—the stuff. The tumble and the sticky feeling put diamonds out of my mind. But I'm sure, just the same, that I saw a bunch of diamonds or something beside that door. You've asked me to tell you anything I might find about the Hanks case. And I'm telling, that's all."

Betsy-Barbara considered.

"It may not mean anything," she said, "and it may mean a good deal." She considered again. "Even if the diamonds were there, maybe it had nothing to do with our case. If anybody had been robbed that night, if there had been any signs of a burglar, this evidence would be very important. But the police say that the house wasn't entered. Then again, what became of the diamonds? It seems no one else noticed them."

"Well," remarked Tommy North cynically, "there were a great many policemen in the house."

Betsy-Barbara walked on, still thinking. "Maybe, I'm afraid, though, that it might be only an aberration," she said finally.

"Perhaps," echoed Tommy North. And now, having finished his introduction, he approached the subject nearest his heart.

"Of course, that's all," he said, "except that I owe you an apology for my condition last night."

"It is to yourself," said Betsy-Barbara, "that you owe the apology. Mr. North, why did you do it—again?"

Now it was in Tommy North's impulses to tell exactly why he did it—to come out with the truth, accompanied by his opinion of philandering Spaniards. But that would have amounted to a declaration; and to declare his feelings for Betsy-Barbara was league beyond his present courage.

"Oh," he said, carelessly, desperately, "I got a jolt. That's all. And I took it out in booze."

"You told me the other night it was because you hadn't anything better to do," Mr. North," she added, suddenly

lifting her blue eyes to his, "I'm going to ask a very personal question. I'm not asking it for curiosity. I've a reason, which I'll state later—have you saved any money?"

"Brace yourself for the shock," replied Tommy, "but I really have. I inherited three hundred dollars a while ago. And my mother made me promise one thing—that I'd save a little every week. I have five hundred dollars in the bank."

Betsy-Barbara nodded her wise and golden head.

"That will do beautifully for a start," she said.

"A start at what?" inquired Tommy. "At the Thomas W. North Advertising agency."

"At—"

"The Thomas W. North Advertising agency, its founded now, 10:15 a. m. October sixteenth, at the corner of Fifth avenue and Forty-sixth street, New York!"

"This is so sudden!" exclaimed Tommy. But his heart leaped and danced.

"Now, see, Mr. North," resumed Betsy-Barbara, "I've diagnosed your case."



"Honest, What Have You Found?"

The trouble with you is that you've drifted. You need responsibility. When you're boss, you won't be looting on the job. You'd discharge an employee who did that—and you can't discharge yourself. Some day you'll wish you had a business of your own. Then you'll look back and be sorry you didn't start it when you were young. You can get business, can't you?"

"I ought to," said Tommy.

"And you can—fix up—the business when you get it?"

"I suppose I can. I never lost a place for incompetence."

"Then there's really nothing more to be said," responded Betsy-Barbara. "Just get an office, and hang out your shingle, and go to work. You may fail, of course. But you'll be doing it for yourself, and that, Thomas W. North, is what you need."

Tommy North had been looking at her as one who sees visions and hears voices. "Why, that's the way I used to think. That's the way I used to talk," he said. "I didn't realize until I heard it from you, how I'd got over it."

"The first thing to do when you're starting in business is to find an office," said Betsy-Barbara practically.

"There are lots of good cheap little places in lower Fifth avenue," said Tommy North.

"Let's look at them right now!" exclaimed Betsy-Barbara. And the newly-formed Thomas W. North Advertising agency wheeled and started southward.

That afternoon, Betsy-Barbara and Rosalie Le Grange were sewing together in the sun parlor. As they pulled bastings, Betsy-Barbara slipped in a remark which she tried artfully to conceal in general chatter.

"Mr. North tells me," said Betsy-Barbara, "that he is going to start in business for himself."

"That so?" exclaimed Rosalie; "well he's a nice, smart young man and it will be the very best thing for him." She pulled bastings for ten seconds before she resumed:

"It will keep him straight. He won't have to be helped up to his room for some time, I hope."

Betsy-Barbara stared and flushed.

"Oh! Did you see it?"

"Now, my dear, I think it was brave of him to do it. It's what any girl should have done, and it's what most good girls wouldn't have the decency to do. No woman's a real lady when she's too much of a lady. Yes—I heard him stumble, and I come out and looked."

"I—I just opened his door and pushed him in," said Betsy-Barbara, blushing furiously.

"An' quite enough—I saw that, too," Rosalie pulled bastings for a quarter of a minute more. Then she added, "I suppose you called him down all he needed when you took that walk this morning."

"Oh, that wasn't the reason," cried Betsy-Barbara, driven back on her maiden defence. "It wasn't that. I really didn't want to see him. But he said something new to me about—"

the case—or thought he had. Something he'd forgotten—something which came back to him last night when he was well, you saw." And detail by detail she repeated Tommy North's story about the diamond cluster. Rosalie, as she listened with downcast look, used all her will to keep her head steady and her fingers busy.

"That's interesting," she remarked, in a matter-of-fact tone, when Betsy-Barbara had finished. "But I don't know it's important. They think they see funny things when they're drunk and they're ready to swear to 'em when they sober up. Intend to tell Mrs. Hanks or the lawyers about it?"

"I thought I might—I'm doing every last thing to help."

"Well, the evidence of a drunk wouldn't go at all in a court of law," pursued Rosalie, her eyes still on her work. "Mr. North is pretty humiliated already, and he's a nice young man, and he'll probably cut out drink now he's in business for himself. Still, if you think it's your duty—"

"Oh, I hope you think it isn't," said Betsy-Barbara. "I don't want to put Mr. North in that position, again."

"Can't see where it's the least bit of use, and I would only do Mr. North harm," replied Rosalie. "If you was me, would you French this case? Yes, I guess it looks more tasty that way."

Rosalie turned the conversation to a discussion of autumn fashions. She sewed and chatted for ten minutes. Then she looked ostentatiously at the clock.

"Gracious! A quarter to four and I must be down-town quarrelling with that laundry at a quarter past!"

She rose, gathered coat, hat and gloves, and hurried to the corner drug store, from which she made by telephone an immediate appointment with Inspector McGee.

They met in Abington square, a rendezvous half-way between her house and headquarters. She proceeded to business at once.

"I've been just setting up on this Hanks case, Inspector," she said. "Know if I waited long enough, something would hatch. It has, but I can't say yet whether it's a rooster or a duck. In the first place, when's the grand jury going to get to the Wade indictment?"

"Pretty soon, I guess. I've been holding them off until I get more evidence."

"Well, keep holdin' 'em off."

"Honest, what have you got?"

"Wouldn't you like to know?" Here Rosalie broke out all her dimples, so that Inspector McGee smiled on her. "Call it a hunch from the spirits."

"You can't come that on me," said the inspector, half playfully. "I know your kind of spirits."

"Well, call it a woman's notion then. If you like that any better. The grand jury's the first thing. Next, that old house of Mrs. Moore's is still vacant, isn't it? I want to go through it with you from top to bottom—an' I've got to do it so I won't be seen."

"That's easy. We can enter the block from the other side and go in by the back door."

"All right. How's two o'clock tomorrow?"

"Fine."

"Now I'd better run along. I don't want to take any chances of being seen with you."

"Honest, what have you found?"

"Honest, I don't know myself," said Rosalie Le Grange, dimpling over her shoulder as she walked away. McGee stood following her with his eyes.

## CHAPTER VIII.

## Coquettish McGee.

The Moore boarding house, scene of the Hanks murder, remained closed.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Identity of Model, Long a Puzzle to Parisians, Has at Last Been Cleared Up.

The mysterious bust discovered in the Boulevard de la Chapelle, Paris, has at last been identified. Perched on top of a one-story shop like a sentinel on a chimney, it attracted only a momentary glance from the hurried passer-by and was then forgotten.

Lincoln Ward, an American tourist, recognized his countryman in this oddly placed monument and is able to give the details which follow. This bust is of the late William Smith Garner, one-time member of the board of trade of Jacksonville, Fla., who dedicated his fortune and his life to the defense of the oppressed. After his death a committee was formed to erect a monument to him, and M. Dreyfus, the president, engaged a young American sculptor by the name of Furgott, who was then living in Paris, to make the bust.

When the Civil war broke out, Fur-

gott hurried home to enlist, leaving the bust in his studio. He was killed in the war and Dreyfus suffered a like fate.

In these circumstances the committee either abandoned or else forgot about the commission and the bust was left to its strange fate. No claims being made or arrangements undertaken for its transfer, it was finally sold by the occupants of the studio and eventually became the property of the proprietor of the tudy shop on this boulevard near the Eastern railway station.

The Caustic Boarder.

"Well," said the hotel proprietor, "must go out to the racetrack this afternoon and see if I can clean up a little stake."

"If I were you," said the caustic boarder, "I would stay here and see if I couldn't clean up the little steak served every meal at this table. It sure needs it."

Whereupon the proprietor went out and added \$3 for extra to the caustic boarder's bill.

## WOMAN WOULD NOT GIVE UP

Though Sick and Suffering; At Last Found Help in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Richmond, Pa. — "When I started taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I was in a dreadfully rundown state of health, had internal troubles, and was so extremely nervous and prostrated that if I had given in to my feelings I would have been in bed. As it was I had hardly strength at times to be on my feet and what I did do was by a great effort. I could not sleep at night and of course felt very bad in the morning, and had a steady headache."

"After taking the second bottle I noticed that the headache was not so bad, I rested better, and my nerves were stronger. I continued its use until it made a new woman of me, and now I can hardly realize that I am able to do so much as I do. Whenever I know any woman in need of a good medicine I highly praise Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound." — Mrs. FRANK CLARK, 3146 N. Tulip St., Richmond, Pa.

Women Have Been Telling Women for forty years how Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has restored their health when suffering with female ills. This accounts for the enormous demand for it from coast to coast. If you are troubled with any ailment peculiar to women why don't you try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound? It will pay you to do so. Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

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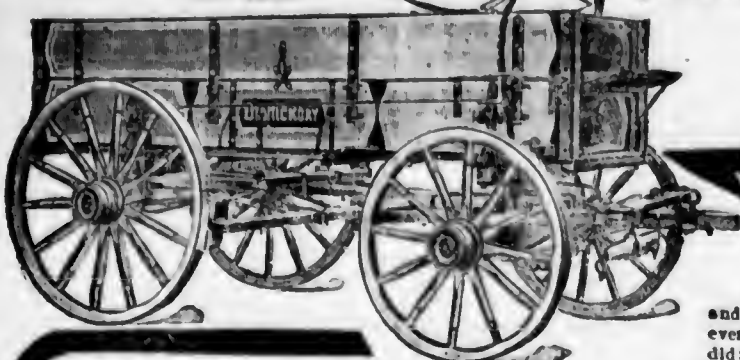






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50c all Wool Mohair per yard 35c  
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15c Dress Goods, per yard 10c  
25c Ratine, per yard 15c  
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20c Genuine Gauze Lisle 11c

10c half hose 08c

2 pair for 15c

Ladies 50c Silk Hose 38c

25c Lisle Hose 17c

20c Lisle Hose 13c

15c Lisle Hose 11c

10c Lisle Hose 08c

2 pair for 15c

\$2.50 and \$3.00 Messaline Petticoates \$1.08

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" 3.00 and 3.50 all wool pants 1.98  
Odd Coats, Half Price  
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## SHOES!

Mens \$1.50 Walk Over Shoes 3.98  
" 4.00 Walk Over Shoes 3.48  
" 3.50 Walk Over Shoes 2.98  
" 2.50 Shoes 1.98  
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" 3.50 Walk Over Shoes 2.98  
" 2.50 Shoes, all leathers 1.98  
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